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10. **Consultation Record**

The DMNP is subject to the requirements of the Ontario Environmental Assessment Act (EA Act) as an Individual Environmental Assessment (EA). In June 2006, TRCA submitted the final version of the Terms of Reference (ToR) for the DMNP to the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) for approval. On August 18, 2006, the ToR for the DMNP was approved by the MOE. The ToR for the DMNP included a detailed public and stakeholder consultation plan. This consultation plan developed during the ToR was continued and expanded upon through preparation of the EA.

The consultation program for the DMNP followed the guidelines set out in Toronto Waterfront Revitalization Corporation's (TWRC, now Waterfront Toronto) Development Plan and Business Strategy for the Revitalization of Toronto's Waterfront (2002) which required the co-proponents to:

- Provide accurate, timely information to the public and demonstrate how it has made use of feedback and advice received:
- Identify the roles and responsibilities of citizens, stakeholders, and partners as well as the coproponents;
- Host consultation sessions that are open to any member of the public or other stakeholder groups that are interested in the DMNP;
- Demonstrate flexibility in the consultation process that accommodates the needs of participants, focusing on their areas of expertise, geographic distribution and availability;
- Distribute feedback from consultation activities to enhance knowledge management, ensure coherence in decision-making and avoid duplications; and,
- Evaluate the performance in providing information, conducting consultation and adapting to new requirements and changing conditions of the DMNP.

The objectives of the consultation activities were to:

- Create/increase awareness of the DMNP, including why it is an important part of revitalizing Toronto's waterfront;
- Meet the consultation requirements for the provincial EA;
- Provide opportunities to participate in the consultation process to anyone interested:
- Provide clear, concise information about the project that is easy for the public to understand;
- Create opportunities for meaningful two-way exchange of information between the co-proponents, their consultants and the consultation participants;
- Produce accurate and comprehensive reports that capture all feedback and advice received;
- Review and consider feedback and advice received through the consultation, and demonstrate how that feedback and advice has influenced the project; and,
- Provide opportunity for professionals in the areas of the wetland restoration, urban green space design, hydraulic engineering, etc. to devise options for design excellence.

This chapter provides a summary of the consultation that has occurred in support of the DMNP EA. This chapter is subdivided in a number of broad sub-sections as follows:

- Environmental Assessment Consultation Activities and Results (June 2005 August 2011) (Section 10.1):
- Port Lands Acceleration Initiative (PLAI) Consultation Activities and Results (September 2011 August 2012) (**Section 10.2**);



- Environmental Assessment Amendment Consultation Activities and Results (January 2013 Spring 2014) (**Section 10.3**); and,
- Post-Approval Consultation (Section 10.4).

These sub-sections represent different stages of the EA since the ToR was approved. As discussed in Section 2.2.3.3, in September 2011 Toronto City Council approved the PLAI which put the DMNP on hold as TRCA, Waterfront Toronto, and the City of Toronto undertook a number of technical studies and conducted extensive community consultation. As part of the PLAI, several meetings were held with members of the public, the Stakeholder Advisory Committee (SAC), and a Port Lands Landowner and User Advisory Committee (LUAC). Following the PLAI consultation that ended in August 2012, the refinements to the DMNP were presented to agencies, landowners, and the public to obtain feedback and input on the changes. This included holding the final Public Meeting on July 24, 2013, to provide an update on the amendments to the DMNP which resulted from the PLAI process and share thoughts on the refinements being considered.

All of the responses given during the consultation activities reflect the direction of the DMNP at the time they were made. Therefore, due to the refinements of the DMNP following the PLAI, some of the responses presented in Section 10.1 may no longer be accurate.

10.1 **Environmental Assessment Consultation Activities and Results (June 2005** August 2011)

10.1.1 Public Consultation Activities and Results

A comprehensive public consultation program was implemented throughout the DMNP to provide an opportunity for the public to gain an understanding of the project, and to provide input and feedback at key stages of the EA process. Public consultation for the DMNP occurred in a variety of formats to maximize the audience reached through the consultation program. Public consultation activities included a Notice of EA Commencement; creation of a mailing list; Public Forums; creation of a CLC; distribution of newsletters and flyers; development of various web-based information about the project; community workshops and events; and, utilizing consultation processes for related projects to distribute information about the DMNP. This section outlines the consultation activities that occurred throughout the EA process and the results of those activities.

10.1.1.1 **Notices**

As part of the DMNP consultation strategy, a Notice of Commencement and other notifications of public events and key EA milestones were released through various media outlets by TRCA and Waterfront Toronto. At each public event during the ToR and EA stages, ads were released to the local papers (through varying combinations of the City Centre, Beaches-Riverdale and East York Mirrors, the Toronto Star, and NOW Magazine), through media releases, and the CLC membership. These notices are summarized in Table 10-1, and copies of the notices are provided in Appendix Q-1.

Table 10-1 Summary of Notices

Notification Date	Media Outlet	Purpose of Notification
June 17, 2005	Toronto Star and Beaches-Riverdale Mirror	Initial Notice of Commencement and notice of first Public Forum on June 23, 2005
June 21, 2005	NOW Magazine	Second Notice of Commencement and advertisement of site walk









Table 10-1 Summary of Notices

Notification Date	Media Outlet	Purpose of Notification
August 18, 2006	N/A	Announcement of MOE approval of the DMNP ToR
September 29, 2006	East York Mirror and Beaches-Riverdale Mirror	October 14, 2006 Site Walk and Boat Tour
October 5, 2006	NOW Magazine	October 14, 2006 Site Walk and Boat Tour
November 24, 2006	East York Mirror and Beaches-Riverdale Mirror	Notification of December 5, 2006 Public Forum
March 17, 2008	Toronto Star, City Centre Mirror, East York Mirror and Beaches-Riverdale Mirror	Notification of March 29, 2008 Public Forum
May 1, 2009	Toronto Star, City Centre Mirror, East York Mirror and Beaches-Riverdale Mirror	Notification of May 9, 2009 Public Forum
May 7, 2009	Press Conference at Waterfront Toronto Offices	Notification of May 9, 2009 Public Forum
January 20/21, 2010	Toronto Star and Beaches-Riverdale Mirror	Notification of January 27, 2010 Public Forum

In addition, the media has on occasion requested interviews and information in order to publish articles regarding the DMNP EA and Lower Don Lands.

10.1.1.2 Mailing Lists

The initial DMNP mailing list was developed from the public, CLC and Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) mailing list for the Class EA for the Lower Don River West Remedial Flood Protection Project (LDRW Class EA). Each attendee that signed in at DMNP public events was added to the mailing list (unless otherwise indicated). At the start of the process, a new CLC membership was developed for the DMNP that better represented the new Project Study Area, as compared to the LDRW Class EA study area, which further expanded our mailing list. The TAC mailing list underwent significant changes compared to the LDRW Class EA, given the much broader area of interest and complexity. These new stakeholders and agency representatives were all added to the mailing lists. During the EA phase of the project, TRCA also utilized Waterfront Toronto's large mailing list (of over 8,000 names) that had been developed through their consultation efforts from the West Don Lands, East Bayfront and Lower Don Lands studies.

10.1.1.3 Public Forums

During this period of the DMNP EA, TRCA hosted five public events, including a site walk and boat tour, and four formal Public Forums. All of the public events were facilitated by an independent third-party facilitator. The third Public Forum, held on May 9, 2009 was a joint meeting with Waterfront Toronto where the Lower Don Lands Framework Plan, the Keating Precinct Plan and Lower Don Lands Environmental Assessment Master Plan (LDL EAMP) (formerly known as the Lower Don Lands Infrastructure Municipal Class EA) were presented in addition to the DMNP. These forums were open to any member of the public or interested organization. The table below contains a general description of each event. **Appendix Q-1** documents meeting notes, workbooks, presentations and display boards. The results of the forums are summarized in **Table 10-2**. Only comments relevant to the DMNP are presented.

Table 10-2 Public Forums

Event	Public Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
Site Walk of Port Lands and Boat Tour (Keating Channel,	Majority of attendees would like to attend future site walks and 60 percent would like to attend future public forums and presentations.	Comments acknowledged.
Inner Harbour and Ship Channel)	Recommendations included holding an event in Spring or Summer, organize smaller groups and provide better sound equipment.	Three public meetings were held in a "science fair" open house format showcasing parallel projects underway that needed to be
October 14, 2006 Attendance: 177		taken into account in the DMNP EA, and to discuss in detail, specific technical issues related to the DMNP EA.
Public Forum and	Additional information on the sediment management was requested.	Study Team to develop details as we move forward.
Presentations (Metro Hall) December 5, 2006 Attendance: 126	 Key comments received regarding the focus of the project: Provide opportunities for recreation; Control against West Nile Virus; Celebration of cultural heritage; 	TRCA committed to finding a solution that met the objectives of flood protection and naturalization while recognizing that the project was located in an urban environment with specific cultural and recreational elements, while providing for the management functions.
	 Ensure flood protection; Maximize naturalization opportunities; Create more open space; Remove sediment before naturalizing the area; and, Move infrastructure away from core natural areas. 	pertaining to sediment and debris control.
Public Forum and Presentations (St. Lawrence Hall) March 29, 2008	 Concerns were expressed regarding the selection of the preliminary preferred alternative including: Costs versus benefits; Allowing development in the Port Lands; and, Feasibility of the proposed urban elements adjacent to the River. 	 The selection of the preferred alternative including a consideration of costs, benefits, development potential and development feasibility is documented in Chapter 5.
Attendance: 210	Concern regarding the need for more naturalization than proposed.	The amount of land available for natural and aquatic habitat has greatly expanded since the start of the EA process in 2004 in order to address flooding and naturalization objectives, and to bring better value and connections with the proposed built form around the river.
	How will the required funding for the project be obtained and how long will it take for the project to be implemented?	 Funding for implementation of the DMNP is a major issue that TRCA Waterfront Toronto and the City of Toronto recognize is critical, as is continued public support, for the DMNP to proceed. The availability of funding and the complexities of soil management will determine how long it will take to implement the DMNP.
	There is a lack of planning for the Greenway south of Ship Channel.	 Planning for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel is outside of the Project Study Area for the DMNP EA. Future planning processes will be undertaken to develop a concept plan for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel by Waterfront Toronto.
	Water circulation in Keating Channel.	Circulation in the Keating Channel is recognized as a key element fo the detailed design phase, and a range of passive and active approaches to maintain circulation will be considered.
	How to "hold" proposed green spaces from development.	Strategies to "hold' lands identified for naturalization will be undertaken by the City and Waterfront Toronto, with the support of TRCA.



Table 10-2 Public Forums

Public Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
 The need to ensure connections for wildlife and people from waterfront to watershed. 	The LDL EAMP will develop an intricate network of roads, trails, transit to and from the area. The DMNP offers enhanced aquatic and bird connectivity between the lake and watershed.
 The need to ensure appropriate communities of scale developed adjacent to river to allow for affordability, provide servicing that works and to develop buildings and structures of iconic value. 	The LDL EAMP and Central Waterfront Secondary Plan will direct built form and densities and adjacent land uses within the area. The concept avoids most heritage buildings / sites and private property owners.
 Protect water and air quality, allow for climate change, and create conditions for river to self-sustain rather than require ongoing maintenance. 	 Addressing watershed water quality issues is beyond the scope of this project. The DMNP will be designed to withstand existing conditions with the anticipation that the City's work to eliminate combined sewer outflow (CSO) discharges to the Don and Central Waterfront will improve things further.
Concerns expressed regarding water quality.	City staff presented and discussed details of their CSO study which was undertaken to intercept sanitary flows to the Don River and Central Waterfront.
 How is the EA integrated with other projects in the Don Watershed such as the City of Toronto's Wet Weather Flow Management Master Plan? 	The DMNP is being designed to function under current water quality conditions and which will only improve as the City undertakes their work to improve water quality.
 Concern expressed in regard to the preferred alternative relating to the need for more green space and further discussion of the connections between Lake Ontario Park, Tommy Thompson Park and the Project Study Area. 	The amount of green space associated with the project will provide for the desired ecological and flood conveyance benefits while providing the City of Toronto a vibrant accessible park space.
 Recommendation that a wildlife corridor along the Don Narrows should be provided. 	The primary focus of the Don Narrows component of the EA is to enhance the in-channel aquatic habitat conditions.
Provide a cost-benefit analysis and business plan to support the plans.	 A cost-benefit analysis and the economic effects assessment has been conducted and has been incorporated into the DMNP. The analysis concluded that the DMNP will be a transformative, catalytic project for the City of Toronto and the Greater Toronto Region, and will generate a range of substantial benefits for the City and the Region including: Strong economic multiplier impacts during construction, including more than \$1.5 billion (in 2010 dollars) in economic activity and 8,800 full-time construction job years; Incremental land value; Development that reduces externalities, or hidden costs, of development; and, Enabling of future growth, with associated growth in residents and
	 The need to ensure connections for wildlife and people from waterfront to watershed. The need to ensure appropriate communities of scale developed adjacent to river to allow for affordability, provide servicing that works and to develop buildings and structures of iconic value. Protect water and air quality, allow for climate change, and create conditions for river to self-sustain rather than require ongoing maintenance. Concerns expressed regarding water quality. How is the EA integrated with other projects in the Don Watershed such as the City of Toronto's Wet Weather Flow Management Master Plan? Concern expressed in regard to the preferred alternative relating to the need for more green space and further discussion of the connections between Lake Ontario Park, Tommy Thompson Park and the Project Study Area. Recommendation that a wildlife corridor along the Don Narrows should be provided. Provide a cost-benefit analysis and business plan to support the





Table 10-2 Public Forums

Event	Public Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
	 Provide the supporting technical studies for review. Future lake levels need to be considered with regard to operation of 	 The following technical studies in support of the EA have been included with the EA report: Baseline Identification of Cultural Heritage Properties; Archaeological Assessment Existing Conditions; Navigation Risk Report; Hydraulic Modelling Technical Memorandum and Supplemental Technical Memorandum; Sediment Transport Modelling Memorandum and Supplemental Technical Memorandum; Preliminary Noise Assessment Technical Memorandum; and, Economic Effects Assessment Technical Memorandum. The design has significant flexibility to accommodate change.
	wetlands.	
Public Forum and Presentations (Toronto Fire Academy)	 Concerns were expressed in regard to the need for more green space, larger wetlands and less density. 	 Densities and surrounding urban form were defined through the Lower Don Lands process: issues related to the footprint and amount of green space were discussed in previous two public meetings.
January 27, 2010	 The use of the Design Competition in the EA should have been a negotiated discussion with the public for planning the Port Lands. 	Comment acknowledged.
Attendance: 70	Water quality and creation of habitat should be a priority.	Water quality / circulation in the Keating Channel is a key detailed design element to be resolved in conjunction with the urban form.
	Concerns regarding the impacts on private landowners and the loss of two heritage buildings in the plan.	 Most of the private property owners and heritage structures were avoided. The magnitude of flooding that requires conveyance limited our ability to avoid all structures in the design. Where possible, structures and activities will be relocated nearby. Waterfront Toronto will lead discussions with appropriate agencies to discuss approaches for those structures and land uses that cannot be relocated.
	Concerns regarding the potential for Toronto Port Authority (TPA) to undermine plans.	The Study Team has been consulting closely with TPA throughout the process. To date, no insurmountable concerns have been identified.
	 Concerns regarding the lack of funding to proceed (opportunities for private donations / naming rights). 	 As mentioned in previous public meetings, funding for implementation of the project is a major issue that TRCA, Waterfront Toronto and the City of Toronto recognize is critical, just as is continued strong public support for the project to proceed.
	What happened to the playing fields from the Design Competition and uses for recreation in Greenway?	 A public workshop for the Don Greenway was held in 2007 to discuss the functions of this area. A resounding majority identified that the Greenway should be dedicated to naturalization and passive recreation. As a result, active recreation proposed during the Design Competition was removed from the Greenway but passive recreation remains.







Table 10-2 Public Forums

Event	Public Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
	 The need to provide four season use of the naturalized and Keating Channel areas. 	The intent is for the design to provide four season use.
	Cost benefit analysis of the full life-cycle of the system including adaptive management and monitoring program is required for the EA.	 A cost-benefit analysis and the economic effects assessment has been conducted and has been incorporated into the DMNP EA. The analysis concluded that the DMNP will be a transformative, catalytic project for the City of Toronto and the Greater Toronto Region, and will generate a range of substantial benefits for the City and the Region including: Strong economic multiplier impacts during construction, including more than \$1.5 billion (in 2010 dollars) in economic activity and 8,800 full-time construction job years; Incremental land value; Development that reduces externalities, or hidden costs, of development; and, Enabling of future growth, with associated growth in residents and employment and public revenue from new development.
	 Concern regarding the need for a vibrant and energetic local community feel. 	This will be part of the precinct planning exercise.







10.1.1.4 Community Liaison Committee

As part of the consultation process for the DMNP, a CLC was established during preparation of the ToR and was continued throughout the EA. The CLC was formed to identify issues of concern regarding the DMNP, provide input during the EA and design process, assist with the design of the public consultation framework and to attend and assist at public meetings. The CLC also provided advice on the content and presentation format of information prior to meeting with the general public. CLC meeting minutes can be found in **Appendix Q-2**. A summary of the CLC meetings is included in **Table 10-3**. The majority of comments received from the CLC related to providing clearer presentation materials to the public.

The CLC was composed of appointed representatives from a wide range of community groups and associations with an interest in the future of the lower Don River. The CLC consisted of representatives from local citizen groups, Aboriginal groups and politicians and was comprised of:

- Citizens for the Old Town;
- Don Watershed Regeneration Council;
- Mississaugas of the New Credit;
- Port Lands Action Committee;
- St. Lawrence Neighbourhood Association;
- Task Force to Bring Back the Don (now defunct);
- Toronto Cycling Advisory Committee (now defunct);
- West Don Lands Committee;
- Corktown Residents and Business Association;
- Gooderham and Worts Neighbourhood Association;
- Miziwe Biik;
- Riverside Area Residents Association;
- Southeast Downtown Economic Redevelopment Initiative (SEDERI);
- Toronto Bay Initiative (now defunct);
- Waterfront Action;
- Woodgreen Community Services;
- Toronto City Councillor Ward 28;
- Toronto City Councillor Ward 30;
- MPP Toronto Centre;
- MPP Toronto Danforth:
- MP Toronto Centre; and,
- MP Toronto Danforth.

Table 10-3 Community Liaison Committee Meetings

	Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
CLC Meeting # 5 November 21, 2006	 A number of suggestions were made to make the presentation clearer to members of the public participating at the December public meeting: Clarifying terminology; Adding graphics and / or photos; and Providing people with a better sense of scale when looking at cross-sections, etc. 	 A better visual description of the range of flood volumes we are dealing with from low to high was provided. More scaled diagrams and better definitions of types of channels (i.e., lacustrine) were incorporated into the presentation.
CLC / Lower Don Lands Community Stakeholder	Participants indicated that they are comfortable with the approach taken to integrate the Design Competition and DMNP EA and with the Preliminary Preferred Alternative for the EA (4WS).	• N/A
Committee Joint Meeting February 26, 2008	 A number of suggestions were made regarding opportunities to refine / enhance the presentation, including: Highlight the extensive consultation efforts made in 2007; Transparency about where costs were considered as part of the evaluation process and the influence cost had on selection of the preferred alternative; Inform people of work that will be done on the Don Narrows; and, Highlight how key priorities expressed by the public through the Design Competition will continue to be preserved through the design stage of the EA (e.g., connections). 	 Revised evaluation tables were made available to the public on March 29, 2008. Members of the public were provided an open floor to address speakers directly following presentations. Emphasized that Design process was brought into the EA and that the new concept met the screening conditions of the ToR. Emphasized that Lower Don Lands and DMNP EA processes are complementary to one another, rather than compromising each other. Overview image provided how DMNP and Lower Don Lands fit within context of Central Waterfront projects. Arrow denoting location of Greenway south of Ship Channel will be incorporated to show continued connection with Lower Don Lands and DMNP EA.
CLC / Lower Don Lands Community Stakeholder Committee Joint Meeting April 21, 2009	 A number of suggestions were made regarding opportunities to refine / enhance the presentation, including: More details on the hydrology models used; Show model results side-by-side; Explain the difference between river-fed and lake-fed systems; Use bigger and brighter graphics and images; Make sure language is consistent throughout the presentation; and, Provide a glossary of terms. 	Requests to change the presentation were undertaken. Four information tables were set up to provide more detailed visuals and information during the Public Forum component to allow the public to talk with the experts one-on-one.





Table 10-3 Community Liaison Committee Meetings

	Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
CLC Meeting January 14, 2010	 Recommendations by CLC included: Identify which heritage buildings and properties / operations are being affected; A larger neighbourhood map should be included in the presentation to provide context of the DMNP; Provide a little more balance in the presentation between project positives and negatives – currently focuses mainly on the positive impacts; Identify the estimated costs and benefits (direct financial benefits and big picture quality of life benefits for the Region) of the DMNP; Clearly state why redevelopment of the Lower Don Lands has not occurred to date and why economic values remain depressed; Clearly identify soils and groundwater issues, including risk, and mitigation to alleviate public concerns; Identify that DMNP is recognized as one of seventeen eco-friendly projects worldwide supported by Clinton Climate Initiative; and, Indicate that TRCA and Waterfront Toronto continue to commit to ongoing discussion with the businesses and community groups. 	 Many of the recommendations were incorporated into the Public Forum presentation. Some of the items that were not specifically addressed in the Public Forum presentation include: Unlike most EAs where significant negative impacts are generated as part of the DMNP, the DMNP is about improving the environment. While the DMNP acknowledges that there are some potential negative impacts during construction that can occur, these can largely be mitigated through Best Management Practices (BMPs) to reduce those impacts. Where possible, the DMNP can provide more clarity as to the potential risks including their mitigation approaches to demonstrate that they have been considered at the appropriate level of detail; No insurmountable issues have been identified to date through discussions with the stakeholders including the TPA; and, If the proposed Recreation Facility in the Lower Don Lands proceeds in its current location, the plan is to ensure that the construction is consistent with the protection of the river valley and to build out the facility to the final future grades required for the DMNP and Waterfront Toronto planning documents.
	What are impacts of PanAm Games, interests of key stakeholders, and parallel projects on DMNP?	The impacts of the PanAm Games are negligible on the DMNP. The DMNP has been co-ordinated and developed with an understanding of all other EA / planning efforts (refer to Chapter 7).







10.1.1.5 Newsletters and Flyers

Project newsletters were part of the Public Consultation Plan established for the DMNP. The main purpose of these newsletters was to communicate technical information, provide notification of upcoming public meetings and events, provide project updates when key milestones were reached, and to provide contact information for the public.

During this period of the DMNP consultation, six editions of the "DMNP News" newsletter were published and distributed in hard copy (typically 400 hard copies per edition were produced and distributed) and soft copy. Newsletter distributions were sent to the project email distribution list which included over 650 members of the public, stakeholder groups, government agencies, and Aboriginal groups. Waterfront Toronto released the newsletter to over 2,000 people on their email distribution lists. Various community associations also assisted in the distribution of these newsletters during this period of the EA process. Copies of the newsletters can be found in **Appendix Q-3.**

The Study Team also released flyers regarding the Site Walk and Boat Tour on October 15, 2006 and the Public Forum on December 5, 2006 to the following Toronto Public Libraries:

- Beaches Library;
- Danforth / Coxwell;
- Gerrard / Ashdale;
- Jones:
- Main Street;
- Pape / Danforth;

- Parliament;
- Queen / Saulter;
- Riverdale;
- St. Lawrence;
- Toronto Reference Library;
- Leaside:
- Thorncliffe;
- Dawes Road;
- S. Walter Stewart; and,
- Todmorden Room.

Flyers were released at Waterfront Toronto's Lower Don Lands Public Forum on December 10, 2008 informing public participants of the upcoming Public Forum for the DMNP EA in Spring 2009.

TRCA publishes a newsletter called "On the Don". On the Don highlights key activities that have or are about to occur in the Don Watershed. This newsletter has a distribution of about 2,000 in digital format, and approximately 800 in hard copy. Four articles have been published in the "On the Don" newsletter related to the DMNP:

- An ad in the Spring 2009 edition providing information on the May 9, 2009 Public Forum;
- An article on the inclusion of Waterfront Toronto's Lower Don Lands as a partner site of the Clinton Climate Change Initiative;
- An ad in the Fall 2009 edition to provide information on the January 27, 2010 Public Forum; and,
- An article in the Spring 2010 edition summarizing the preferred alternative and highlighting the upcoming opportunities for the public to review the DMNP.

Waterfront Toronto also publishes online newsletters regarding their activities along the Toronto waterfront. The April 2009 newsletter was sent out to 9,000 people and included an advertisement regarding the joint Public Forum for the DMNP and Lower Don Lands held on May 9, 2009.







10.1.1.6 Web-Based Information

A number of web-based products were developed for the DMNP to provide the public with easy access to project-related information. The primary sources of web-based project information are on TRCA's website and Waterfront Toronto's website. Other sources include several YouTube videos and a Facebook page.

TRCA's website provides extensive information about the DMNP including project background, new and updated information, details of the consulting team, an outline of the project planning process, key study components, details on the consultation program, a list of participating agencies and corporations, and details of parallel planning processes. Important project information such as presentations, meeting summaries, upcoming meeting dates, newsletters and project documents were posted for public access. Questions and comments could be made via the project web site at: www.trca.on.ca/dmnpea.

Waterfront Toronto's website contains project information about the LDL EAMP and DMNP. This information is available at: www.waterfrontoronto.ca/explore_projects2/lower_don_lands/don_mouth_naturalization_and_flood_protection

Several YouTube videos have been posted providing additional information on the DMNP. These include:

- "The Don of a New Community on Toronto's Waterfront" a summary of the Lower Don Lands and DMNP EA posted by Waterfront Toronto on May 7, 2009. Available at: www.youtube.com/watch?v=_el3-9WN7Ss.
- "Sustainable Urban Design on Toronto's Waterfront" the new development plans for the Toronto's Lower Don lands posted by Waterfront Toronto on June 11, 2009. Available at: www.youtube.com/watch?v=bEQiNXXqu4q.

10.1.1.7 Community Workshops and Events

TRCA presented information about the DMNP at a number of other events that were directly and indirectly associated with the project. These consultation efforts were designed to reach new audiences that typically did not attend project-specific public events (**Table 10-4**). These workshops and events included:

- TRCA's annual Paddle the Don event. Project updates on the DMNP were provided to members of the public at the end of the event;
- The Don Greenway Workshop was delivered to an invited group to gain feedback on incorporating the vision of the Don Greenway into waterfront revitalization plans;
- Jane's Walks at the Mouth of the Don provided the public with information on the DMNP;
- **Don Narrows Workshops** were held to provide the public with information on the range of options that were available for naturalizing the Don Narrows; and,
- The **Port Lands Action Committee** (PLAC) is a public discussion and action group that played an advisory role throughout the DMNP EA process.



Information Presented at Community Workshops and Events Table 10-4

Event	DMNP EA Related Activity, Comments Received and Consideration of Comments
Paddle the Don May 6, 2007	 Presented the results of the International Design Competition and DMNP results to date. A boat tour was organized to provide the public with an opportunity to see the potential for the Lower Don Lands and Don Mouth from the perspective of the water.
Greenway Workshop (Organized by Waterfront Toronto and facilitated by Suzanne Barrett) September 18, 2007	 Key conclusions of the workshop resulted in agreement that the Greenway should function as a place of serenity and beauty; a great piece of wilderness protected in the City; a place to allow people to reflect on the past natural heritage that the original Ashbridges Bay Wetland once provided. The Greenway was to be resilient to change and sustainable; provide flood conveyance and stormwater function; and, provide a place for plants and animals to live and thrive. The development of playing fields in the Greenway was inappropriate, though some suggested it should not be discounted out of hand – but if playing fields were provided, they should be along the periphery, consist of real grasses, be informal without lighting and designed for the local population rather than regional uses. Pathways and trails should run along the periphery leaving the centre as a wild area. The Greenway would provide a critical corridor for migratory birds; provide passive recreation and nature appreciation in the city for the local and regional populace.
Port Lands Action Committee Meeting April 17, 2008	 TRCA and Waterfront Toronto presented a project update on the DMNP to the PLAC membership. The presentation provided was the same one presented at the Public Forum held on March 28, 2008 and included information on the upcoming Don Narrows Stakeholder Workshop.
Jane's Walk May 3 and 4, 2008	 Two separate Jane's Walks occurred in 2008 that discussed the plans for the Lower Don Lands area: Gangsters, Dreamers, and Engineers: 200 Years of Drama on the Lower Don; and West Don Lands and the Lower Don River.
Paddle the Don May 4, 2008	 Information booth was set up at the take-out point to present the results of the March 29, 2008 public forum for the DMNP.
Don Narrows Workshop May 24, 2008	• The Stakeholder Workshop and Site Tour for the Don Narrows Naturalization Study was held at the South Regent Park Recreation Centre by the Study Team. Over 30 people participated in the Workshop. The event started off with presentations which provided an overview of the Don Narrows pertaining to its: history; existing conditions; past restoration planning and implementation activities; project objectives; and range of options being considered. A site walk was then organized to allow stakeholders with the opportunity to walk the Project Study Area in advance of the working session of the event. At the end of the site walk, participants returned to the Recreation Centre for round table discussions on the range of opportunities suggested, and to develop plans for enhancing the Don Narrows. Two sets of naturalization reports were developed; one within the channel area which is part of the DMNP and one for outside the channel area which will not be part of the DMNP.
Paddle the Don May 3, 2009	• Information booth was set up at the take-out point to show the preliminary preferred alternative for the Don Mouth, and information on the upcoming Public Forum scheduled for May 9, 2009.
Jane's Walk May 3, 2009	• Lower Don Lands Walk (led by Ken Greenberg); West Don Lands Walk (led by Michael McClelland, Carla Guerrera, Dave Madeira and Mark Wilson); and Pedal the Don (led by John Wilson). Each of the "walks" stopped at the take-out point of the "Paddle the Don" to allow the "walkers" an opportunity to hear about the activities planned for the Lower Don Lands and the DMNP.
Paddle the Don May 2, 2010	 Information booth was set up at the take-out point to show the final concept design for the DMNP as shown at the January 27, 2010 Public Forum, and providing information where and when the public will be able to review the EA through the MOE.





10.1.1.8 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Public Consultation

Waterfront Toronto and the Lower Don Lands Design Team undertook a planning and consultation strategy for the Lower Don Lands Framework Plan, LDL EAMP and Keating Channel Precinct Plan, which included their own TAC and Stakeholder Advisory Committee. **Table 10-5** summarizes the DMNP-related information presented and discussed at these Public Forums.

Table 10-5 Lower Don Lands Public Forums Summary of Comments

Date	Issues and Comments Received
July 23, 2008 Attendance: 100 participants	 Key comments included the following: Ensure public access to the waterfront and avoid private ownership of riverfront. Facilitate public water activities such as boating, kayaks, canoes, gondolas, fishing, water sports, wading, and skating. Docking facilities should work for small to large sizes of boats. Ensure a large portion of the water's edge is naturalized. Incorporate boats into the transit plan (e.g., provide for a water taxi service). Offer views onto the river from walkways. Keep intensive activity away from naturalized river's edge. Take advantage of Keating Channel for intensive activity since it already has concrete sides. Consider methods to provide water circulation in the Keating Channel to avoid stagnant areas with floating debris. Develop an integrated rain water conservation and management plan that addresses stormwater and river water. Avoid combined sewers. Use stormwater as much as possible (e.g., as features of children's playgrounds, a swimming pool or as ornamental fountains. Stormwater should be treated with ultraviolet light and then returned to the Don River or Keating Channel. Provide options for onsite waste and stormwater processing in some buildings. Use "Hurricane Hazel" criteria to plan for a hurricane situation. Need an ecological link north-south from Don River Park south to Villiers Street and bay's end. Widen the north-south greenway to 300 to 400 metres. Add fish terraces along the dockwall. Conduct sediment cleanup at the mouth of the Keating, northeast corner of the bay. Some human intervention would be required to maintain the desired river flow path, which would compromise the "naturalness" of the site. The proposed path of the Don River and its two proposed spillways will create fractured neighbourhoods within the Lower Don Lands, rather than a single unified community. What consideration is being gi
December 10, 2008 Attendance: 100 participants	 Key items that were well-received by the public included: The link between the shore of Lake Ontario and the Don River valley allow wildlife to migrate easily. Water quality in the harbour will improve. Healthy and vibrant environment for all to enjoy. The new southern alignment for the river. The effort to manage water sustainability. Flood way / habitat link with the co-operation of the small boat clubs. Key suggestions and ideas made by the public included: Create a "wildlife passage" over the Ship Channel. Remove or prevent debris being ejected into the harbour following a storm event. Encourage better habitat for marine flora and fauna. Reduce seaweed growth along the waterfront. Perform a toxic soil cleanup. Create a Hurricane Hazel flood strategy. Avoid having the pedestrian path cross the bicycle path to avoid potential conflict. Accommodate marine uses effectively.







Table 10-5 Lower Don Lands Public Forums Summary of Comments

Date	Issues and Comments Received
	Provide access for shipping and receiving. Include lands south of the Ship Channel in the Brainet Study Area.
	Include lands south of the Ship Channel in the Project Study Area.
	Other Comments:
	• The design of the south option to the lake can integrate the need for a flood way / habitat link with the co-operation of the small boat clubs.
	Increase opportunities to be in nature in the City.
	• The Port Lands is a crucial part in the City where we need to ensure connections to nature are maintained.
	Define water access for people.
	Remember human access to the water while keeping protection of animals in the forefront.
	Allow for woody areas which are natural and unmanicured.
	 In the historical context, the most significant aspect of this process is to bring back the watershed ecosystem to as much of the historical conditions (pre-settlement) as possible, within the urban context.

10.1.1.9 Other Public Feedback

On a number of occasions, members of the public approached the Study Team to discuss issues relating directly or indirectly with the DMNP. A summary of the key discussions is provided in **Table 10-6**.

Table 10-6 Summary of Key Discussions with Members of the Public

Public Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments				
Meetings with the South Riverdale Business Association (SRBA)					
The SRBA contacted the Study Team to discuss their concerns about a parcel of land at 780 Dundas Street. The SRBA expressed an interest that the property be included as part of the naturalization opportunities for the Don Narrows component of the EA. Concerns were expressed about the delinquent uses currently occurring on the property and were further concerned about the proposed short-term uses for parking (for Bridgepoint Hospital) and temporary construction equipment storage.	The Study Team informed the SRBA that the feasibility of establishing an aquatic habitat linkage under the Don Valley Parkway was problematic, and further, the City of Toronto had expressed a desire to use this property as an access point for one of its proposed CSO interceptor tunnels and tanks (Don River and Central Waterfront Project Municipal Class EA (City of Toronto, 2012)). TRCA was not in a position to eliminate one of the City's potential sites to address the City's long-standing concern of raw sewage in the Don.				
 In September 2009, a SRBA representative expressed dismay that TRCA permitted the Bridgepoint Hospital proposal to proceed and that the site would not be incorporated in the Don Narrows component of DMNP. 	In February 2010, Study Team suggested to the City's Dor River and Central Waterfront Class EA Project planning team that some form of naturalized landscape be considered for this property as part of the long-term planning of the final configuration of the CSO access tank to address the concerns of the SRBA.				
The Study Team received a request from the SRBA in March 2009 to incorporate the Unilever factory into the Project Study Area following news that the lease operators (Korex Canada) were going out of business. The request was to expand the naturalization area and to improve public linkages north-south along the east side of the Don River.	 The SRBA representative was informed that this would be pursued as part of the DMNP. City staff was advised of the situation. Though the DMNP recognizes that works are necessary at this location to provide a comprehensive solution to flooding, the City still recognizes this property as an employment district. The property is also outside of the official jurisdiction of Waterfront Toronto. 				







Table 10-6 Summary of Key Discussions with Members of the Public

Public Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
General Public Comments on the Preliminary Preferred A	Alternative for DMNP
 The key issues raised regarding the preliminary preferred alternative included: The proposed location of Don Greenway; The apparent lack of the Don Greenway south of the Ship Channel, the ecological function of the Greenway south of the Ship Channel; and, A request to decommission the Don Roadway from the Don Valley Parkway to prevent the Don Roadway from becoming a major thoroughfare. 	The Study Team will suggest to Waterfront Toronto that they develop a footprint and conceptual design for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel to show its continued existence in the overall waterfront planning activities, and that any other concerns about land use planning and infrastructure for the Lower Don Lands be directed to Waterfront Toronto.

10.1.1.10 Summary of Public Issues and Responses

Table 10-7 summarizes the key issues raised by the public through the consultation activities described in this section.

Table 10-7 Summary of Public Comments Received and Responses Provided

Issue	Public Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
Public Walks / Workshops	Majority of attendees would like to attend future Site Walks and 60 percent would like to attend future Public Forums and Presentations.	Comments acknowledged.
	 Recommendations included holding an event in Spring or Summer, organizing smaller groups and providing better sound equipment. 	Three public meetings were held in a "science fair" open house format showcasing parallel projects underway that needed to be taken into account in the DMNP, and to discuss in detail, specific technical issues related to the DMNP.
Sediment Management	Information on sediment management requested by members of the public.	An overview of the proposed sediment management strategy was presented during the final Public Forum, including additional opportunities / benefits of the operations.
Focus of the DMNP	 The DMNP should: Provide opportunities for recreation; Control against West Nile Virus; Celebrate cultural heritage; Ensure flood protection; Maximize naturalization opportunities; Create more open space; Remove sediment before naturalizing the area; and, Move infrastructure away from core natural areas. 	TRCA committed to finding a solution that met the objectives of flood protection and naturalization while recognizing that the DMNP was located in an urban environment with specific cultural and recreational elements, and still provided for the management functions pertaining to sediment and debris control.
The Preliminary Preferred Alternative	 Costs versus benefits. Allowing development in the Port Lands. Feasibility of the proposed urban elements adjacent to the River. 	The Design Competition provided an opportunity to provide a highly integrated approach between development of the river and the surrounding urban form. It also provided an opportunity for close integration with other adjacent City Building initiatives in the area (i.e., Gardiner EA, Don River and Central Waterfront Class EA Project, East Bayfront Precinct Plan, etc.).



Table 10-7 Summary of Public Comments Received and Responses Provided

Issue		Public Comments Received		Consideration of Comments
	•	The need for more green space than proposed, larger wetlands, less density, and discussion of the connections between Lake Ontario Park, Tommy Thompson Park and the Project Study Area.	•	The amount of green space associated with the project will provide for the desired ecological and flood conveyance benefits while providing the City of Toronto with a vibrant accessible park space. The amount of land available for natural and aquatic habitat has greatly expanded since the start of the EA process in 2004 in order to address flooding and naturalization objectives, and to bring better value and connections with the proposed built form around the river. Densities and surrounding urban form were defined through the Lower Don Lands process; issues related to the footprint and amount of green space were discussed in two previous public meetings.
	•	The proposed location of Don Greenway and the apparent lack of the Don Greenway south of the Ship Channel, the ecological function of the Greenway south of the Ship Channel.	•	The Study Team will suggest to Waterfront Toronto that it develop a footprint and conceptual design for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel to show its continued existence in the overall waterfront planning activities, and that any other concerns about land use planning and infrastructure for the Lower Don Lands be directed to Waterfront Toronto.
	•	The Don Roadway should be decommissioned from the Don Valley Parkway to prevent Don Roadway from becoming a major thoroughfare.	•	Decommissioning of the Don Roadway is not part of the DMNP.
Functionality of Naturalized Areas	•	Future lake levels need to be considered with regard to operation of wetlands.	•	The design has significant flexibility to accommodate change.
	•	The need to provide four season use of the naturalized and Keating Channel areas.	•	The intent is for the design to provide four season use.
	•	How will water circulation in the Keating Channel be maintained?	•	Circulation in the Keating Channel is recognized as a key element for detailed design, and a range of passive and active approaches to maintain circulation will be considered.
Funding and Implementation of the DMNP	•	How will the required funding for the DMNP be obtained?	•	Efforts to secure funding for implementation of the DMNP is an ongoing issue for the project proponents and continued public support for the project will be instrumental.
	•	Provide a cost-benefit analysis and business plan to support the project plans, including adaptive management and monitoring program is required for the EA.	•	A cost-benefit analysis and the economic effects assessment have been conducted and have been incorporated into the DMNP. The analysis concluded that the DMNP will be a transformative, catalytic project for the City of Toronto and the Greater Toronto Region, and will generate a range of substantial benefits for the City and the Region including: • Strong economic multiplier impacts during construction, including more than \$1.5 billion (in 2010 dollars) in economic activity and 8,800 full-time construction job years;





Table 10-7 Summary of Public Comments Received and Responses Provided

Issue	Public Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
		 Incremental land value; Development that reduces externalities, or hidden costs, of development; and, Enabling of future growth, with associated growth in residents and employment and public revenue from new development.
	 How long will it take for the DMNP to be implemented? 	The availability of funding and the complexities of soil management will determine how long it will take to implement the DMNP.
Planning for the Greenway South of Ship Channel	There is a lack of planning for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel.	Planning for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel is outside of the Project Study Area for the DMNP. Future planning processes will be undertaken to develop a concept plan for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel by Waterfront Toronto.
	What happened to the playing fields from the Design Competition and uses for recreation in the Greenway?	A public workshop for the Don Greenway was held in 2007 to discuss the functions of this area. A resounding majority identified that the Greenway should be dedicated to naturalization and passive recreation. As a result, active recreation areas proposed during the Design Competition was removed from the Greenway but passive recreation areas remain.
Adjacent Land Uses	The need to ensure appropriate communities of scale developed adjacent to river to allow for affordability, providing servicing that works and developing buildings and structures of iconic value.	Lower Don Lands planning and Central Waterfront Secondary Plan will direct built form and densities and adjacent land uses within the area. The concept avoids most heritage buildings / sites and most private properties.
Heritage	Need to celebrate industrial heritage.	Leaving the Keating Channel and other built heritage and cultural landscape features in place provides a major piece of commemoration of the industrial heritage of the area.
Environmental Protection	Protect water and air quality, allow for climate change, and create conditions for river to self- sustain rather than require ongoing maintenance.	Addressing watershed water quality issues is beyond the scope of this project. The DMNP will be designed to withstand existing conditions with the anticipation that the City's work to eliminate CSO discharges to the Don and Central Waterfront will only improve water quality further.
	Recommendation that a wildlife corridor along the Don Narrows should be provided.	A suite of habitat enhancement opportunities were examined for the Don Narrows and have been incorporated into the DMNP. Details are provided in Appendix L.
	Water quality and creation of habitat should be a priority.	Water quality / circulation in the Keating Channel is a key detailed design element to be resolved in conjunction with the urban form.
	How to "hold" proposed green spaces from development.	Strategies to "hold' lands identified for naturalization will be undertaken the City and Waterfront Toronto, with the support of TRCA.







Table 10-7 Summary of Public Comments Received and Responses Provided

Issue	Public Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
	 The need to ensure connections for wildlife and people from waterfront to watershed. 	Lower Don Lands Framework Plan and LDL EAMP will develop an intricate network of roads, trails, transit to and from the area. The DMNP does offer enhanced aquatic and bird connectivity between the lake and watershed.
Integration with Other Plans	 How is the EA integrated with other projects in the Don Watershed such as the City of Toronto's Wet Weather Flow Management Master Plan? 	The DMNP is being designed to function under current water quality conditions and which will only improve as the City undertakes their work to improve water quality.
Supporting Technical Studies /	 Provide the supporting technical studies for review. 	Technical studies will be available for review with the release of the EA.
EA Documentation	 The use of the Design Competition in the EA should have been a negotiated discussion with public for planning the Port Lands. 	Comments acknowledged.
Affected Landowners and Other Properties	Concerns regarding the impacts on private landowners and the loss of two heritage buildings in the plan.	Most of the private property owners and heritage structures were avoided. The magnitude of flooding that requires conveyance limited our ability to avoid all structures in the design. Where possible structures and activities will be relocated nearby. Waterfront Toronto will lead discussions with appropriate agencies to discuss approaches for those structures and land uses that cannot be relocated over the long-term.
	 Concerns regarding the potential for TPA to undermine plans. 	The Study Team has been consulting closely with TPA throughout the process. At the time the comment was made, no show-stoppers were identified.
Vibrant and Energetic Community Feel	 Concern regarding the need for a vibrant and energetic local community feel. 	The Study Team agrees that a vibrant and energetic local community feel is essential.

10.1.2 Agency / Landowner Consultation Activities and Results

Given the complexity of the DMNP, and the large number of agencies groups requiring consultation, the Study Team undertook a substantial agency consultation program throughout the EA phase of the DMNP. The consultation strategy is discussed in more detail through the following broad categories:

- Technical Advisory Committee (TAC);
- EA Regulators (MOE, Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency (CEA Agency), Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) and Transport Canada (TC));
- City of Toronto;
- Aquatic Habitat Toronto (AHT);

- TPA;
- Utilities;
- Railway owners and operators;
- Landowners; and,
- Related projects.







10.1.2.1 Technical Advisory Committee

A TAC was developed to participate in the Consultant Selection Phase of the DMNP, and played a key role through the DMNP ToR phase. The TAC provided a forum for all government, property owner and regulatory agencies to meet, review and comment on the technical components of the project. The constituent TAC members are listed in **Table 10-8**. The TAC's role was primarily to streamline the development of the EA by providing a one-stop forum for agency consultation. The TAC ToR is included in **Appendix Q-4**.

Table 10-8 TAC Member Organizations

- AHT;
- · Bell Canada;
- CEA Agency;
- Canadian Pacific Railway;
- Canadian Transportation Agency;
- City of Toronto Parks Forestry and Recreation;
- City of Toronto Public Health;
- City of Toronto Transportation Services;
- City of Toronto Policy, Planning, Finance and Administration;
- City of Toronto Facilities and Real Estates;
- City of Toronto Engineering and Consultation;
- City of Toronto Toronto Water;
- City of Toronto Waterfront Secretariat;
- · Cityscape;
- Enbridge Gas Distribution Inc.;
- Environment Canada;
- Enwave District Energy Limited;
- DFO;
- GO Transit;
- Health Canada Ontario Region;
- Hydro One Networks Inc. (HONI);
- Indian and Northern Affairs Canada;
- Korex Don Valley Canada;
- Ministry of Tourism. Culture and Sport;
- MOE;

- Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR);
- Ministry of Infrastructure;
- MMM Group;
- Michael Van Valkenburgh Associates Inc. (MVVA);
- · National Energy Board;
- Navigable Waters Protection;
- Ontario Realty Corporation (ORC) (now part of Infrastructure Ontario);
- Ontario Secretariat of Aboriginal Affairs;
- Planning Solutions;
- Public Works and Government Services Canada;
- Redpath Sugar Ltd.;
- Rogers Cable;
- Suntower Developments Limited;
- Task Force to Bring Back the Don;
- Toronto Port Lands Company (TPLC);
- Toronto Hydro;
- Toronto Marine Police Unit;
- TPA;
- Toronto Terminals Railway;
- Toronto Transit Commission;
- TC Program Branch;
- Unilever Canada;
- VIA Rail:
- Waterfront Toronto; and,
- West Donlands Committee.

During the DMNP ToR phase, the Study Team noted that these larger TAC meetings were useful in distributing information to the various agencies but were not conducive to establishing frank discourse and an effective return flow of information back to the DMNP process. To receive meaningful input into the EA process, the Study Team was frequently required to meet with the various agencies on a one-to-one basis in addition to the TAC. This was used to replace the formal TAC meetings. As such, it was decided following the November 21, 2006 TAC meeting (Table 10-9) that the Study Team would instead meet with agencies and stakeholders on an individual basis to provide for a more strategic and effective dialogue. Furthermore, Waterfront Toronto and the City of Toronto took on the primary responsibility for consultation with the various private property owners in the Project Study Area.







Table 10-9 Consultation with Technical Advisory Committee

Date	Topics Covered
November 21, 2006	 ToR status. October 14 Site Walk and Boat Tour. Summary of Steps 1 and 2. Initial long list of alternative methods. Preliminary process to select preferred alternative(s). Waterfront Toronto's plan for an International Design Competition. Arrangements for public meeting (December 5, 2006). Questions regarding conveyance of flood flows, land requirements for the alternatives, water quality issues from upstream, sediment management issues were raised and discussed (no action items arose from those). More hydraulic modelling will be developed to determine flooding frequency. Intent is for the natural system to be able to withstand existing water quality conditions and to improve with future improvements in water quality resulting from other parallel projects upstream. A concern was raised that the DMNP did not appear to address the impacts on and to existing and future infrastructure in the area. The DMNP will identify those pieces of infrastructure that need not change, or require relocation or modification to accommodate the DMNP. The DMNP will be built in phases, so portions of the project (including infrastructure works) may occur on a strategic basis. The proposed International Design Competition will also allow for a re-examination as to how the natural and urban systems will integrate – perhaps mitigating many of the potential infrastructure

10.1.2.2 EA Regulators

Frequent and ongoing communications with the provincial and federal EA regulators is important to minimize uncertainty, risk, complications, costs and delays later in the EA review process. The Study Team met with the MOE, CEA Agency, DFO and TC on a number of occasions to: provide general project updates; discuss how high level design could be incorporated into the early stages of an Individual EA to expand the Project Study Area; add to the range of "alternatives to" and refine the evaluation criteria; and to co-ordinate the preparation of a Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (CEAA) Screening Report (no longer required. See Table 1-1). These meetings are summarized in Table 10-10.

Table 10-10 Consultation with EA Regulators

Agency	Date	Topics Covered
MOE and CEA Agency	December 4, 2006	 Design Competition Integration Meeting. Both agencies expressed interest in integrating high level design to refine the study area and range of alternatives at early stages of the EA.
MOE	June 7, 2007	 Whether proposed approach to integrate vision prepared by winning team from the Design Competition with DMNP was acceptable. Required to reconfirm that original 'Alternatives To" the Undertaking that were deemed ineligible during ToR remained so.
MOE and CEA Agency	February 11, 2008	• Progress on DMNP: evaluation of alternatives, <i>Navigation Protection Act (NPA)</i> issues, TPA issues, soils issues and strategy, draft project description, schedule for EA and build-out, and integration with other EAs and planning projects (cumulative effects).
MOE	February 15, 2008	 Provincial EA specific project update. Reconfirmed need to revisit original 'Alternatives To' the Undertaking that were discounted during EA ToR phase as part of evaluation of alternatives. New O.Reg. 334 for EA format. Detailed information on soils for technical staff review required.



Table 10-10 Consultation with EA Regulators

Agency	Date	Topics Covered
CEA Agency	May 23, 2008	 Notice of Commencement was posted by DFO. Will develop "Detailed" CEAA Screening to avoid potential future approval issues. Confirmed no federal funding trigger. Confirmed CEA Agency Screening is required. TPA will be an expert authority to TC and will have a permitting agency function as well (a letter will be sent outlining specific issues). TPA will also be involved in negotiations with railway access to the Port Lands separate from CEA Agency – early plans should be submitted to Canadian Transportation Agency to start separate process. National Energy Board only involved if plans to relocate nationally regulated pipelines or work occurs within 30 m of nationally regulated pipelines – will be negotiated separately on a case-by-case basis. DMNP will rely on Waterfront Toronto Soil Recycling Facility and Risk Assessment / Risk Management (RA/RM)¹. DMNP will assume more stringent management requirements when conflict between federal and provincial guidelines encountered. DMNP will allow for climate change impacts regarding conveyance and ecological considerations.
MOE and CEA Agency	June 20, 2008	 Whether proposed approach to integrate vision prepared by winning team from the Design Competition with DMNP was acceptable. Informed that federal funding is not available to implement project (no federal funding triggers). MOE and CEA Agency will establish a joint review committee to co-ordinate their reviews. AHT would like early input into EA process.
MOE and CEA Agency	July 3, 2008	 DMNP and integration process and soil / groundwater and landownership issues. Concerned about sediment from river entering Ship Channel. Will minimize risk by limiting the frequency of flooding to Ship Channel to 25-year event or beyond in design.
CEA Agency, Transport Canada	July 14, 2008	 NPA. Emergency access by land preferred but DMNP will need to provide for on water access for inflatable response boats (minimum 2 m vertical and 6 m horizontal – more clearance preferred). Pedestrian bridges have same clearance requirements as permanent fixed bridges. NPA approvals on the basis of detailed design of individual structures just prior to construction. DMNP will provide general information on what is proposed, how structures will be constructed and mitigation works to minimize impacts on navigation (additional approvals will be required during detailed design for specific structures). TC needs to assess whether weirs in Keating Channel are considered dams requiring approvals, or whether they just divert flows elsewhere thereby negating need for approvals. TC has no concerns regarding dredging facility. TC will need to approve footprint and construction approach for promontory. Greenway to Ship Channel is only a concern under NPA regarding impacts to navigation during the modification of the dockwall. TPA concerned about frequency of flooding to Ship Channel. TC interested in habitat structures proposed for Don Narrows and requests that they avoid thalweg. TC has no issues regarding directional drilling. TC requires a review of bridge decommissioning plans to ensure no impacts to navigation (at detailed design). New bridges should provide required clearances with fixed structures rather than lift bridges. TC did not express concerns about day-use moorage in Keating Channel (as long as enforcement available to ensure boaters do not stay overnight).

^{1.} NB: Contaminated soils are no longer intended to be treated as the Soil Recycling Facility on Unwin Avenue.







Table 10-10 Consultation with EA Regulators

Agency	Date	Topics Covered
MOE and City of Toronto	July 15, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation – Innovative stormwater solutions. Major stormwater conveyance systems should have outlets at lake, and Keating and Ship Channels – not wetlands and rivers. Details on maintenance and responsibility for proposed seepage wetland infiltration systems required. MOE may require a Certificate of Approval for seepage wetlands (technically stormwater management ponds in Ontario as currently shown – all sources of stormwater going to infiltration wetlands). Seepage wetlands are located at the end of a stormwater treatment train. TRCA reiterates that roof-top water for seepage wetlands with effective separation from road runoff required. Early model run suggests 85-90 percent total suspended solids removal with current treatment train and high removal rates of total phosphorus and metals – does nothing for road salt – need a separate treatment train for road runoff as there is no effective way to remove road salt and spills from entering treatment train to seepage wetlands unless separation at source established.
MOE	July 15, 2008	 Project update. Confirmed that Individual EA approvals can last beyond ten year limit through use of an approved adaptive management and monitoring program in support of amending procedures. Confirmed that parks are exempt from EAs if under \$3.5 million. MOE is developing guidelines for amending procedures.
CEA Agency, DFO	October 14, 2008	DFO required changes to the effects assessment components.
CEA Agency	January 13, 2009	 TPA provided draft letter of issues in response to CEA Agency Project Description. Study Team responded to TPA's letter with a response dated February 19, 2010. Further revisions to Scoping Document to be led by DFO.
CEA Agency	January 14, 2009	 LDL EAMP and DMNP staging, soils / groundwater management approach, adaptive management and monitoring strategy, and preliminary impact assessment results. TPA raised concerns about not seeing proposed staging plan earlier. TRCA agreed to meet with TPA to discuss issue in detail.
MOE	January 20, 2009	 DMNP and LDL EAMP updates including Port Lands soils strategy update. Discussed new Aboriginal consultation requirements – Duty to Consult.
CEA Agency	February 14, 2009	 Project description development. CEA Agency uncertain whether Screening or Comprehensive study required. Waterfront Toronto soil recycling facility must be in place before any material from DMNP project arrives. DMNP assumes all hazardous materials disposed of at existing licensed facility.
MOE and CEA Agency	April 30, 2009	DMNP and LDL EAMP content for upcoming May 9, 2009 Public Forum.
MOE Central Region	November 18, 2009	 LDL EAMP and DMNP staging, soils / groundwater management approach, adaptive management and monitoring strategy, and preliminary impact assessment results. Questions primarily focused on Waterfront Toronto soils and groundwater management strategies and proposed soils treatment facility. DMNP assumes construction will use BMPs to excavate soils and control groundwater, and deliver soils to Waterfront Toronto soil recycling facility or elsewhere for disposal.

10.1.2.3 City of Toronto

The DMNP is located within the City of Toronto. A project of this scope requires close involvement with the local municipality to ensure that the planning, construction, and post-construction activities meet the specific needs of the





City. The Study Team met regularly with City of Toronto staff throughout the DMNP planning process prior to the PLAI through two broadly defined processes: regular overview co-ordination meetings and topic specific meetings. This section describes consultation activities that occurred between the Study Team and the City of Toronto prior to the City becoming a co-proponent of the project.

The purpose of the regular overview co-ordination meetings was to exchange information about the DMNP between the Study Team and City of Toronto staff, and provide a mechanism for City of Toronto staff to provide input into the decision making process. The Study Team also met with smaller groups at the City of Toronto regularly to inquire about parallel projects or planning issues, and to seek feedback following project updates.

Port Lands Co-ordination Meetings were established in 2007 to assist with planning and co-ordination between TRCA, Waterfront Toronto and the City of Toronto as it related to all revitalization activities that occurred within the Port Lands area. The meetings provided a venue to provide project updates to the various project teams and departments within the City, allowed for the development of strategic responses to issues that arose, and identified strategies for comment and review by the various parties to ensure maintenance of project schedules. Meetings typically occurred bimonthly.

Lower Don Lands meetings led by the City's Waterfront Secretariat were commenced on October 2, 2008 to assist with the distribution of information internally at the City regarding the Lower Don Lands Framework Plan and the DMNP. TRCA technical, management and planning staff also participated in these meetings as a regulator. This also provided a time where project specific issues or milestones could be presented to key department representatives with the City of Toronto by the Study Team. Meetings were scheduled on a monthly or as needed basis.

With the decision to undertake direct communications with interested stakeholders during the EA process, rather than the broader TAC meetings, the Study Team met with smaller groups at the City of Toronto regularly to inquire about parallel projects or planning issues, and to seek feedback following project updates.

Table 10-11 provides a summary of all key meetings with City staff. It does not include the extensive informal and ongoing discussions with individual staff that have occurred almost daily throughout the EA process. Nor does it include those meetings that were organized through other planning processes with City staff, but included discussion about the DMNP.

Table 10-11 Consultation with the City of Toronto

Department	Date	Topics Covered
Waterfront Secretariat and Planning	December 18, 2006	 Property issues east of Don Roadway north of Lake Shore Boulevard. Plans for properties east of Don Roadway north of Lake Shore Boulevard are to remain an employment district for foreseeable future.
City of Toronto	February 9, 2007	Lower Don Lands Design Competition design briefing meeting.
City of Toronto	May 11, 2007	 Lower Don Lands Design Integration with DMNP. Confirm with MOE to ensure that DMNP ToR does not need to be revisited. Confirm that a summary of the Design Competition reports focusing on the MVVA vision are incorporated in the DMNP. Agreement that the vision prepared by the winning team is a starting point in developing a new alternative to be considered by the DMNP. The urban design elements of the original alternatives need to be enhanced to ensure a fair comparison of a new alternative based on the vision prepared by the winning team for the Lower Don Lands.



Table 10-11 Consultation with the City of Toronto

Department	Date	Topics Covered
City of Toronto	June 26, 2007	 First Integration Workshop to discuss: Assumptions behind DMNP and the vision prepared by the winning team relating to the river and function; Any issues pertaining to divergent assumptions used in generating the vision prepared by the winning team; Elements of the vision deemed not appropriate for the DMNP (i.e., sports fields in Greenway, island at Commissioners Bridge); and, Next steps of the DMNP (i.e., develop a new alternative based on vision, conduct a high level screening of new alternative to ensure meets key criteria, building up original alternatives, and develop new evaluation criteria). Key issues to address related to river: Commissioners Park function; Home Depot; Functionality of development on 480 Lake Shore Boulevard; Don Greenway function; Amount of tree canopy; Preserving cultural heritage; Parking pressures (regional park function); and, Alignment with Don CSO EA process and possible Gardiner Expressway EA process.
City of Toronto	July 17, 2007	 Lower Don Lands Design Integration with DMNP. Develop understanding of the issues. Tour of Lower Don Lands and local coastal wetlands to provide better understanding of the issues from the ground level, and allow the Lower Don Lands Design Team to develop a better foundation for local ecological and hydraulic function.
Waterfront Secretariat, Parks, Works and Water	July 24, 2007	 Design integration issues for DMNP regarding playing fields, Gardiner Expressway, the creation of islands of development (traffic / servicing), and transit (servicing / densities). An overview of master plan for servicing and transportation required for the Lower Don Lands.
Waterfront Secretariat and Planning	August 14, 2007	Progress on integration of Design Competition with DMNP, design impacts on evaluation criteria, land requirements to contain Regulatory Flood, Declaration Order impacts, and Don Greenway issue.
Waterfront Secretariat and Parks	October 18, 2007	 Options for playing field issue and Don Greenway Charette outcomes. Parks still need four regional playing fields to replace Commissioners Park (minimum of two regional and two local fields).
Waterfront Secretariat, Parks, Works, Planning and Transportation	January 24, 2008	 DMNP evaluation of alternatives and selection of preliminary preferred. Concerns about the level of detail provided regarding how the proposed realignment will influence transportation. More emphasis on open space rather than terrestrial habitat required for promontory. Commissioners Park program has been fragmented (not as functional as original). Maintain employment district in southeastern district. Councillor briefing required.
Works	January 29, 2008	Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study.
Department Heads	January 31, 2008	DMNP evaluation of alternatives and selection of Preliminary Preferred Alternative.
Transportation	February 14, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. Generally supportive, need for adequate connections to "islands" that are created by the LDL EAMP.







Table 10-11 Consultation with the City of Toronto

Department	Date	Topics Covered
Cultural Heritage and Archaeology	February 19, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. Relocation of designated heritage structures highly discouraged. Changes require Council approval.
Municipal Servicing	February 20, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. Fire – need detailed drawings showing road widths and water pressure / supply and access for fire response boat into Keating Channel. Emergency Medical Services (EMS) – public safety – noticed Toronto Marine Unit not at meeting to raise issue of access to Don River / Keating Channel for their response craft. Structures – will have comments for detailed design of new bridges, locations, and modifications to existing infrastructure –required clarification regarding ownership of dockwalls and the Keating Channel lift bridge at Cherry Street.
Parks, Recreation and Forestry	February 21, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. Requires full access to the public which includes intelligent gathering places and environmental themes, good shade, separation between different modes of trail users, and a need for other small parks in the precincts in addition to the new mouth. Design must have minimum adequate soil depth of 1.5 metres of material. Interest in who owns and maintains proposed "green fingers", and functionality issues (not yet determined). Active Sport Fields. City Parks is of the opinion that function and form of Commissioners Park still needs to be retained in Lower Don Lands. Recommend high level of design – integrate public facilities with private development along park margins (e.g., public washrooms in shared buildings with adjacent restaurants) Trails need to be designed to allow operational access including winter maintenance. City Parks requires idea of what functions the Park will provide including promenades, promontory, natural space and small parkettes for range of functions; and budget for operations.
Real Estate	February 27, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. City Real Estate, City Parks and Waterfront Secretariat (and TRCA as appropriate) will meet internally to discuss ownership issues and leases over public right of ways within study area.
City of Toronto	March 5, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. Waterfront Toronto's Sustainability Framework has a "No Digging and Dumping Policy".
Parks, Natural Environment and Community Involvement Group	March 10, 2008	DMNP evaluation of alternatives and selection of preliminary preferred alternative.
Transportation	June 5, 2008	 Plans to improve Don Narrows north of CN Railway crossing, and discuss issues of upcoming Gardiner EA. Sheetpile along Don Valley Parkway nearing end of life. May be opportunities to incorporate habitat features in new bank protection works. Some concerns raised about increased flooding associated with filling of Don Narrows and possibility of providing additional flood protection instead of maintaining status quo. Request sent to City requesting detailed drawings of infrastructure along Don Valley Parkway. City confirmed Gardiner EA will start and that the EA will ensure that the DMNP will dictate elevations of crossings of alternatives for Gardiner redesign.







Table 10-11 Consultation with the City of Toronto

Department	Date	Topics Covered
Works	July 29, 2008	Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study.
Waterfront Secretariat and Planning	March 31, 2009	 Hydraulic modelling results and the requirements to convey flooding north of Lake Shore Boulevard, east of Don Roadway. Flood protection landform (FPL) or raise grades required east of Don Roadway – schematic provided including development setbacks and freeboard. Viability of employment in this area. Co-ordinate discussions with landowner (to include Waterfront Toronto and City presence). Discussion of special policy area issues for Lower Don Lands.
Waterfront Secretariat and Planning	June 19, 2009	 Special Policy Area (SPA) / Official Plan Amendment (OPA) approaches for Keating Precinct West and Lower Don Lands Area. Discussed range of options and issues related to SPA/OPA approaches for Keating Precinct West and Lower Don Lands Area.
Waterfront Secretariat and Planning	August 28, 2009	 Next steps regarding flood protection, land uses, and phasing implications with news that Korex went bankrupt on property located at 21 Don Roadway, and Lower Don Lands SPA related issues. Identify issues of concern and possible resolution if property located at 21 Don Roadway becomes available for flood protection earlier than anticipated in phasing. Further discussions are required to resolve SPA/OPA issues.
Waterfront Secretariat and Planning	September 16, November 20 and 27, 2009	 SPA/OPA approaches for Keating Precinct West, and Lower Don Lands Area Intent to develop approach that will protect Lower Don Lands in the Toronto Official Plan. TRCA needs new official Regulation Line (with expanded flooding in Lower Don Lands). City takes lead in developing report and OPA. MNR / Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing (MMAH) need to be approached with strategy well in advance of OPA submission.
Water and Wastewater	November 24, 2009	 Dredging specifications required for DMNP in order to look for synergies with dredging requirements proposed in response to the current Coxwell Sewer emergency. Study Team concludes that the management approaches between the DMNP and Coxwell emergency are likely incompatible. Recommended that the City look at an alternative management strategy that requires short-term leases of equipment, rather than purchase of equipment that will likely be inappropriate for the long-term maintenance of the DMNP.
Waterfront Secretariat, Parks, Works, Water, Planning and Transportation	December 3, 2009	Phasing strategy, adaptive management and monitoring strategy, preliminary impact assessment, and next steps.
Waterfront Secretariat and Planning	February 19, 2010	 How City will draft and advance the SPA/OPA issue. City assumes the Don Mouth will be built out upfront – primary goal to protect lands required for the future river. City would like to see continued economic return in areas within SPA that will not be in the future river alignment. With expansion of floodplain in Lower Don Lands, no need for extra protections, most of the area is floodplain hazard land – no new development permitted. Propose to keep existing SPA boundary with OPA seeking to adopt new river for Official Plan including definition of natural areas which will inhibit any other uses in future wetland areas (including playing fields). City still wants economic district north of Lake Shore Boulevard, east of Don River – no change in land use will be considered until opportunities for comprehensive flood protection available.





Department	Date	Topics Covered
Waterfront Secretariat, Parks and Planning	February 23, 2010	 Comments on December 2009 Draft of Keating Precinct Plan, Framework Plan, and Design Guidelines. TRCA provide comments to City (for consolidation with City comments) regarding remaining issues in Lower Don Lands documentation as it relates to DMNP and Regulatory concerns.

On July 9, 2008, City staff organized an informational tour of waterfront projects for a number of City Councillors. The Study Team provided a ten-minute presentation and briefing on the progress of the project planning. In addition, updated meetings with local area Councillors took place throughout project planning on an as-required basis. Comments received from Councillors related to naturalization, the Greenway, recreational facilities, and other project-related issues.

10.1.2.4 **Aquatic Habitat Toronto**

AHT represents a consensus based partnership between government agencies interested in enhancing aquatic habitat on the Toronto waterfront. Partners include DFO, MNR, and TRCA in consultation with the City of Toronto. AHT is responsible for the implementation of the Toronto Waterfront Aquatic Habitat Restoration Strategy (AHT, 2009).

AHT has played three important roles throughout the planning of the DMNP. Since February 7, 2008, the Study Team has met with AHT to provide project updates at key milestones throughout the planning process in order to gain support for the project from the fisheries regulators (Table 10-12). AHT has also provided strong co-ordination between the various projects that are underway within the Lower Don Lands area to ensure that consistent targets, objectives and tools are being incorporated in the respective planning processes (e.g., the DMNP, the City's Don River and Central Waterfront Class EA Project, and Waterfront Toronto's Lower Don Lands Framework Plan). The second and third functions are closely inter-related as AHT's efforts to consolidate planning programs also focused on advocating for consistent scientific measurement tools between the projects.

Table 10-12 Consultation with Aquatic Habitat Toronto

Date	Topics Covered
February 7, 2008	 Project update. Results of preliminary evaluation of alternatives and Verification Study results. Questions about the ratio of terrestrial, aquatic and park land raised. MOE should be involved due to contaminated soils. Recommend participating at Science Workshop to co-ordinate efforts of various projects in Lower Don Lands (objectives, tools, and data). AHT will provide streamlined approvals process if involved early and regularly. The Study Team incorporated the recommendations as requested.
March 8, 2008	 Science and co-ordination meeting. Identify agencies involved with AHT and their roles; identify current science and fisheries / fish habitat data that are available for along the Toronto waterfront. Develop action plan to enhance fisheries habitat along the waterfront through integration with LDL EAMP and DMNP. Need to identify a long list of biophysical and management issues to be discussed at the next Habitat Workshop proposed by AHT. Reviewed and provided comment on the preliminary list.





Table 10-12 Consultation with Aquatic Habitat Toronto

Date	Topics Covered
April 16 and 17, 2008	 Science and co-ordination meeting. Develop consistent targets and measurements for the LDL EAMP, DMNP and Don River and Central Waterfront Class EA Project. DMNP was at too coarse a level of detail to conduct fish habitat modelling – the required details will not be available until detailed design. However, these discussions are useful and can be incorporated during detailed design. Follow-up meeting on April 28, 2008 focused on: Invasive species management; System dynamics; and, Stormwater function in the ecological design.
May 5, 2008	 Science and co-ordination meeting. Biophysical interactions between ecology, lake level and channel / valley form; fish and habitat targets for all three main projects; potential habitat enhancement structures for the Don Narrows; and preliminary plans and reference site selection in the Rouge River and Duffins Creek. Intent was to correlate reference site vegetation communities with lake levels, and to define the function of levees and feeder tributaries connecting adjacent off-channel wetland areas. Substrate composition and submergent habitat structure also considered. LDL EAMP Team, Study Team, AHT and City of Toronto develop plans for more intensive data collection program for reference sites in the summer.
June 5, 2008 and March 4, 2009	 Science and co-ordination meeting – two meetings covering the same material extending over a one-year period. Fish community and habitat needs, habitat indicators to use, appropriate fish habitat models to use, and target fish species / communities for each of the three large projects. DMNP will not provide sufficient level of detail to operate fish models and establish hard targets. Given uncertainty when funding will be available for detailed design, it is premature to prescribe which habitat models to use. The DMNP will identify a framework for monitoring and adaptive management to direct the designers to develop these targets more fully. For the EA, the use of the Habitat Alteration Assessment Tool (HAAT) model was used to determine whether additional habitat compensation will be required due to lake fill.
October 2, 2008	 Project update. CEAA scoping document. DFO requires realignment of the Scoping Document to identify specific project components and organized by construction and establishment phase. Study Team will revise the Scoping Document as requested.
April 2, 2009	 Project update. Hydrology-ecology interactions, landscape communities and fish habitat opportunities.
September 10, 2009	 Project update. Preliminary construction phasing plan. DFO recommended that the HAAT model be utilized to ensure wetlands compensation for habitat losses due to lake filling. Prolonged construction phasing may cause need for additional fisheries compensation (if loss of habitat done upfront). Study Team will work with AHT to provide HAAT model results as requested. Strong cumulative effects assessment required.
November 9, 2009	 Science and co-ordination meeting. Results from HAAT model available on December 17, 2009 suggests that the wetlands component alone more than compensates for the loss of fish habitat due to lake filling. Study Team to incorporate HAAT model results in the EA report.
December 3, 2009	 Project update. Staging plan, preliminary impact assessment, and adaptive management and monitoring plan. Further discussion on fisheries model approach and data needs. Some specific questions requiring how the concept functions. Study Team to work with TRCA and DFO staff to obtain appropriate model output given level of detail in concept.





10.1.2.5 Toronto Port Authority

The TPA is responsible for management of the Toronto Port, including the Billy Bishop Toronto City Airport. The Authority is a federally-incorporated agency, with directors appointed by the Government of Canada, Government of Ontario and the City of Toronto.

As a federally-incorporated Port Authority, the TPA is in part responsible for ensuring safe navigation within the Toronto Harbour. As part of this responsibility, the TPA conducts annual dredging and debris management operations in the Keating Channel and Inner Harbour. The TPA also maintains a major works yard along the south side of the Keating Channel, which they currently lease from the TPLC (formerly Toronto Economic Development Corporation (TEDCO)). The TPA also owns most of the waterlots located throughout the Inner Harbour and Port Lands area.

The Study Team has met and worked closely with the TPA through the DMNP process to identify and address any potential issues early in the EA process. A summary of the meetings to date is provided in **Table 10-13**.

Table 10-13 Consultation with the Toronto Port Authority

Date	Topics Covered
July 4, 2007	 Discuss how the results of the Design Competition were integrated into the DMNP, including details of the new alternative, and to discuss TPA concerns. Sediment and debris management was raised as a priority. Cross currents from Greenway into the Ship Channel. Sediment deposition into the Ship Channel. Maintaining emergency vessel access to the Don Watershed.
	 Loss of navigation in Inner Harbour due to new promontories. Loss of dockwall.
November 21, 2007	 Discuss Alternative 4WS, the updated evaluation criteria, approach for sediment and debris management, and implications of alternatives based on TPA comments. Reiterated concerns about navigation impacts, dockwall impacts and mixing recreational boating with ships in Ship Channel. Identified that Essroc would likely be relocated by 2012.
February 19, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. Cannot endorse an option that restricts navigation in Inner Harbour. Concerns about sedimentation into Inner Harbour. Concerns about flooding, sediment and debris in Ship Channel. Bridges need to carry commercial shipping. Keating Channel must be able to accommodate recreational craft (canoe / kayak) and emergency craft.
February 21, 2008	 Discuss Lower Don Lands Framework Plan, and DMNP selection of the Preliminary Preferred Alternative. A navigation impact assessment is required with the selection of 4WS as the Preliminary Preferred Alternative. Concerned about the frequency of storms being diverted into Ship Channel. Sediment deposition in Inner Harbour a concern. Identified requirements for navigation under bridges in the Ship Channel, and in the Keating Channel / new Don River. TPA will provide a letter officially outlining concerns as part of the CEAA Screening Project Description. Requested a map of dockwalls that will be modified.
	Requested a list of tenants / properties / uses that will be displaced by preliminary preferred alternative.





Table 10-13 Consultation with the Toronto Port Authority

Date	Topics Covered
May 14, 2009	Discuss refined preferred alternative and focus on responses to their letter submitted in response to the CEAA Project Description.
	TPA seemed satisfied that their key issues outlined in their letter were addressed in the concept plan.
	Biggest concern pertains to recreational boaters that do not have the same respect and professionalism on the water as the commercial fleet.
	Navigation markers / aids and a strong public consultation approach will be required with the recreational boating community to highlight proposed changes.
	TPA liked the proposed technologies for the sediment management system.
	TPA advised that dockwall space is available to relocate their remaining works yard operations once works in Keating Channel are no longer able to proceed.
	To avoid issues in the Ship Channel, TPA has been placed on TRCA flood warning system to ensure
	that ships are at anchor in Inner Harbour prior to flood events to avoid issues with cross-currents.
February 8, 2010	Presented concept plan for the DMNP to the Special Advisor and the Chief Executive Officer including the proposed phasing strategy.
	TPA acknowledges that TRCA or City would be better suited to manage sediment and debris once management facility relocated north of Lake Shore Boulevard.
	Study Team to provide written response to TPA letter of concerns (done February 24, 2010).
	With future growth planned, important to ensure concrete / aggregates supplies remain accessible to
	Downtown Toronto via Inner Harbour to maintain lower costs.
	Loss of dockwall space remains an issue.
	TPA seems to be very positive about the project benefits.

10.1.2.6 **Utilities**

The entire Project Study Area contains a complex network of overhead and underground private and public utilities. Public utilities in the area include water, wastewater, sanitary, storm sewer outfalls (SSOs), CSOs, future CSO interception and storage tunnels and tanks, and future water, waste water and sanitary systems. Private utilities in the area include natural gas, oil, district heating / cooling tunnels, high voltage transmission cables (underground and overhead), local hydro lines, telecommunications and fibre optics.

Many of these utilities are critical pieces of infrastructure that need to be maintained throughout project planning and development. Conversely, there are many pieces of infrastructure that have been decommissioned and left in place, and may require significant costs to remediate given the potential for contaminant leaks over time.

The Study Team recognized early in the ToR stage that the preferred alternative will need to avoid, relocate or protect existing and future utilities in the area. The Study Team has met with the various utility providers on a number of occasions throughout the EA process to provide project updates, to identify any concerns by the providers, and to learn of any future plans that the various utility providers have for the area. A summary of those meetings have been provided in Table 10-14.

Table 10-14 Consultation with Utilities

Utility	Date	Topics Covered
Enbridge Gas	October 5, 2006	Enbridge's South Section of Toronto Port Lands Reinforcement Project. Identified preferred route from the perspective of the DMNP.
		Study Team suggested a route to the east of the Don Roadway would be preferred. The Enbridge team concurred.







Table 10-14 Consultation with Utilities

Utility	Date	Topics Covered
Toronto Hydro, HONI, and Bell	February 14, 2008	 Hydro providers expressed interest in project, but identified need to ensure that existing servicing could be maintained, and that early notice prior to construction is required (several years lead time) to ensure that the hydro providers have identified future works in their capital budget process. Telus has no interest in the area.
HONI and Toronto Hydro	March 25, 2008	 Hydraulic modelling output of the preferred alternative in detail. Focused on issues related to the relocation of the existing HONI hydro bridge and hydro substation north of Lake Shore Boulevard. HONI expressed interest in developing a comprehensive hydro delivery strategy for Port Lands rather than on an individual infrastructure basis. A comprehensive restructuring of infrastructure will go long way to minimize costs. Preliminary costs to relocate were \$12 million for hydro bridge and \$50 million for the hydro substation (±50%). Following the March 25, 2008 meeting, the City and Waterfront Toronto deemed relocation of hydro substation too costly. Instead, opportunities for providing flood protection structures along the east side of the Don River were recommended (i.e., FPL at 21 Don Roadway, combined with relocation of hydro bridge, and other modifications to the channel dimensions). These plans need to be co-ordinated with the City / Waterfront Toronto Gardiner Expressway EA.
Toronto Public Utilities Co-ordinating Committee, City Departments (Transportation, Water, Planning, Structures, Urban Forestry), Enbridge Gas, Enwave, Rogers, Bell / Group Telecom, and Toronto Transit Commission (TTC)	March 26, 2008	 Status of DMNP including preliminary preferred alternative and next steps. City remains uncertain of Gardiner EA results and schedule. Cherry Street Bridge emergency repairs completed. No plans for repairs on Commissioners Street or Villiers Street. A major natural gas pipeline will be installed to the Port Lands Energy Centre (to east of Project Study Area). Rogers has no issues in the Project Study Area. Enwave is working with Waterfront Toronto to provide cooling and heating to West Don Lands and East Bayfront (plans on hold). Toronto Water identified need to integrate with the Don River and Central Waterfront Class EA Project. TTC identified their plans for the Queens Quay and West Don Lands area. Supply of natural gas onto the proposed islands in the Lower Don Lands will be a challenge, especially through proposed underground utility conduits.
Toronto Public Utilities Co-ordinating Committee	May 27, 2009	 Need to contact Fire / Police / EMS to review. Proposed material for May 9, 2009 meeting – confirmation and refinement of preferred alternative. No major questions or concerns were raised.

10.1.2.7 Railway Owners and Operators

The Study Team consulted with railway owners and operators including:

- GO Transit;
- TPLC;
- Toronto Terminals Railway; and,
- Canadian National (CN) Railway.

Table 10-15 provides a summary of discussions with GO Transit, TPLC and Toronto Terminals Railway. CN Railway identified no interest in the DMNP project during the ToR stage.







Table 10-15 Consultation with Railway Owners and Operators

Railway	Date	Topics Covered
GO Transit, TTC and Toronto Terminals Railway	February 12, 2008	 Preliminary preferred alternative (in context of Lower Don Lands Framework Plan) and next steps. GO Transit requires access to their Don Yard and requested time to review evaluation. Toronto Terminals Railway needs to maintain rail access to Ashbridges Bay Treatment Plant (ABTP) during construction of new bridge; current usage is five CN trains a week to Port Lands (Monday to Friday), three Canadian Pacific (CP) trains a week at night and a dozen dimensional loads a year, possibility to allow short-term closures (few days) during construction if required – to be discussed at detailed design. TTC identified maximum grades for bridge crossings between 5 and 8 percent. GO Transit concerns were raised regarding transit access to Don Yard off of realigned Lake Shore Boulevard and proposed densities of Keating Precinct near Don Yard. DMNP identifies clearance requirements for each crossing to ensure flood conveyance and navigation clearances – the precinct plans and servicing plans will provide specific design elements of each crossing.
GO Transit – teleconference	February 19, 2008	 Follow-up to February 12, 2008 meeting. Concerns raised about development proposed by Keating Precinct Plan given that Don Yard will have 24-hour per day operations (light and noise). Interest regarding sediment management operations. Informed that shared access between Don Yard and sediment management facility may occur. Interested in changes to Lake Shore crossing and river redesign.
GO Transit	March 6, 2008	 Lower Don Lands Planning Process Consultation Verification Study. Discussed proximity of proposed 480 Lake Shore Boulevard development to Don Yard. Confirmed flood protection to the area. GO Transit owns from track level to 28' above ground / Toronto Terminals Railway owns air space from 28' and up – multi-level easements at issue. Requires detailed noise study which includes future night time operations in Don Yard – requires 30 metre setback (roads and parking appropriate within 30 metre setback) or installation of crashwalls which reduces the setback requirement.
GO Transit – email	March 18, 2008	 Summarize key issues from meetings. Provided detailed review of evaluation of alternatives. GO Transit raised concerns of access to Don Yard resulting from preferred alternative. GO Transit requested drawings of future roads relative to adjacent properties, confirmation of Regulatory Flood being contained, Harbour Lead must be protected, clarification of health risks from sediment management facility, and clarification of how sediment management facility will be accessed and whether a crossing of the Harbour Lead will be managed. GO Transit also required schedule for build-out, noise / vibration studies, and appropriate setbacks and barrier between development and railway yard / operations.
TPLC	December 22, 2009	 Phasing strategy, adaptive management and monitoring program, preliminary impact assessment, and next steps. Informed that TPLC has no plans to sell the Wilson Yard at this time.

10.1.2.8 Property Owners

Due to the scale of the DMNP and the amount of land affected by the project, a number of property owners were consulted as part of the stakeholder consultation program. The following property owners (or potential property owners) were consulted directly either by TRCA, Waterfront Toronto, the City of Toronto or a combination of all three during the EA process:

- Colliers International and Sky Line Investments;
- TPLC;







- Home Depot;
- ORC;
- Lafarge;
- Castan; and
- Unilever Korex (property and factory at 21 Don Roadway is owned by Unilever and leased to Korex (now bankrupt)).

Consultation that has occurred with property owners is summarized in **Table 10-16**.

Table 10-16 Consultation with Property Owners

Property Owner	Date	Topics Covered
Colliers International and Sky Line Investments	October 17, 2006	 DMNP and potential implications on the Lake Shore Boulevard property. Colliers suggested instead of naturalization we should instead consider urban dockwall café approach. Informed them of the objective of DMNP, and status of the planning approach. They were also informed that it was too early in the process to anticipate the outcome of the evaluation of alternatives, and that naturalization was a core objective for the EA process.
TPLC	February 12, 2007	 Proposal by Film Port / TPLC to reconstruct the Don Roadway in support of the Film Port development. Provided summary of DMNP process (including Design Competition process). Study Team identified key issues pertaining to final grades of new Don River Valley west of Don Roadway and required tie-off elevations for Commissioners Street / Don Roadway intersection. DMNP allows for flexibility in creating bridge, causeway or at grade crossing through valley. Don Roadway elevation needs to change to accommodate future municipal servicing. TPLC provided summary of track operations in Port Lands (including plans to decommission tracks along Don Roadway). Soils studies were also underway.
ORC	March 13, 2007	 Class EA requirements for the transfer of lands. Ensure that the DMNP provides sufficient information to meet the requirements of the ORC Class EA process to avoid the need for a separate EA. ORC was to provide TRCA with a Class B checklist to confirm that the appropriate steps have been completed.
TPLC	June 25, 2007	 Soils and leases within the Project Study Area for DMNP. Integration approach of Design Competition results with DMNP. TPLC raised concerns about the impact of TPLC holdings in Lower Don Lands area and the Film Port Development. Initiated discussions to develop a process whereby new soils and groundwater information could be collected on TPLC property in support of the DMNP.
Castan	September 12, 2007	DMNP impacts on lands west of Cherry Street in the east of East Bayfront area.
Unilever - Korex	March 19, 2008	 Requirements for FPL on Unilever property at 21 Don Roadway. Presented the results of preliminary preferred alternative for the DMNP. Discussions focused on two options for meeting the flow conveyance needs in this area: 1) widening the river to the west or 2) raising lands east of Don Roadway.
Lafarge	March 28, 2008	 The meeting was held between Waterfront Toronto and Lafarge to discuss the LDL EAMP. Additional discussions were held regarding the preferred alternative of the DMNP. Lafarge representatives were excited about this project, but want to continue to do business within the Port Lands at 54 Polson Street for now. They see the loss of industrial uses in the Inner Harbour as a pity, but apparently inevitable and consistent with other pressures being experienced by industry throughout the Great Lakes as cities move to revitalize their waterfronts.







Consultation with Property Owners Table 10-16

Property Owner	Date	Topics Covered
TPLC	May 13, 2008	 Film Port Phase 2 and the reconstruction of Film Port Boulevard (Don Roadway) south of Commissioners Street. Provided update of DMNP including selection of preliminary preferred alternative Waterfront Toronto identified future development in Lower Don Lands opposite to Film Port. Identified that future grades of Don Roadway may need to accommodate new servicing, a future intersection with Basin Street extension, and a future bridge crossing of the Ship Channel. May be premature to develop Don Roadway full conditions given uncertainty.
Unilever - Korex	May 7, 2009	 Requirements for FPL at 21 Don Roadway. Discussed the results of the detailed hydraulic modelling; the need to provide flood protection from the east side of the river, due to limitations associated with earlier proposals to provide conveyance from the west side; the footprint of a FPL that would be required to eliminate flooding through the property at 21 Don Roadway, and its implications on operations to the existing facility – the option for filling the entire site was also discussed, and the benefits associated with that scenario; and long-term plans for the property by Unilever.
TPLC	June 29, 2009	 Proposed phasing plans for DMNP build-out. Overall, relatively positive response, though still some concerns on lack of funding to implement and impacts on holdings. TPLC provides notices to their tenants regarding project progress on the Lower Don Lands and DMNP.
TPLC	December 22, 2009	 Proposed phasing plans, impact assessment results, adaptive management and monitoring strategy, and next steps. Discussions on interim land uses, lease terms, and economic returns / stability within proposed green space areas. TPLC looking for places to incorporate playing fields and parking. Discussions about Recreation Complex planning raised including grade requirements of final build-out of river, construction setbacks.
Home Depot	Multiple meetings on multiple dates	 Home Depot property at 429 Lake Shore Boulevard East. Home Depot's intent in the past has been to construct a large format retail store, and the intent is now to pursue a high density mixed use development. To date, the City of Toronto has refused consideration of the proposals by Home Depot as they were premature given the extent of other plans underway in the Central Waterfront. As a result, Home Depot submitted an appeal to the Ontario Municipal Board (OMB) contesting the City's Central Waterfront Secondary Plan as well as their OPA and Zoning By-law Amendment applications required to implement its mixed use proposal. TRCA has been granted party status at the OMB regarding both of Home Depot's appeals of the City of Toronto's Central Waterfront Secondary Plan, and the City's refusal of the OPA and Zoning By-law Amendment applications. A series of OMB pre-hearing meetings occurred throughout 2007, 2008 and 2009 and the matters remain unresolved. One of the issues raised by Home Depot relates to the limits of the Project Study Area for the DMNP, prior to the selection of Alternative 4WS as the preliminary preferred alternative. This was based on the various preliminary alternatives which depicted substantial amounts of land west of Cherry Street on the southeast corner of the Home Depot lands being required for naturalization and flood conveyance. After the selection of Alternative 4WS as the preliminary preferred alternative, Home Depot has taken a more accommodating approach to the DMNP and Lower Don Lands planning processes.







Table 10-16 Consultation with Property Owners

Property Owner	Date	Topics Covered
Lafarge	January 12, 2010	 While Lafarge representatives support in principle the concept of greater good afforded by flood protection, they expressed interest in continued discussions with Waterfront Toronto around the future of the Lower Don Lands and associated processes.
Lafarge	April 19, 2010 (City Lead Public Consultation on the Proposed OPA/SPA)	 Representative raised concerns not expressed by previous Lafarge representatives. Participant would like to be directed to all the available documentation on the DMNP. Requested the link to the DMNP public consultation summaries. Participant is not ready to meet with a wider audience but will likely request a meeting in the near future that includes the City of Toronto and TRCA.

10.1.2.9 Consultation for Related Projects

The Study Team held meetings with the following project teams to discuss overlapping issues on an as-needed basis:

- Waterfront Toronto's International Design Competition for the Lower Don Lands;
- LDL EAMP;
- Keating Channel Precinct Plan;
- Lower Don Lands Framework Plan;
- Gardiner Expressway and Lake Shore Boulevard Reconfiguration EA;
- Don River and Central Waterfront Class EA Project;
- Stormsewer Outfall Treatment Facilities for the West Don Lands Precinct:
- Stormsewer Outfall Treatment Facilities for the East Bayfront Precinct;
- Soils Management Strategy;
- Don Valley Parkway Stormwater Management Project Municipal Class EA;
- Port Lands Business and Implementation Strategy;
- Regional Sports Complex;
- Toronto and Region Remedial Action Plan; and,
- Clinton Climate Initiative.

10.1.2.10 Summary of Agency / Property Owner Issues and Responses

Table 10-17 summarizes the key issues raised by agencies and landowners through the consultation activities described in this section.

Table 10-17 Summary of Agency / Property Owner Issues and Responses

Issue	Comments Received		Consideration of Comments
Sedimentation	Concern over sediment from the river entering the Ship Channel.	•	This risk will be minimized by limiting floods to the Ship Channel to at least the 25 year event.
	Removal of hydraulic function of the Keating Channel – particularly sediment and debris management function.	•	Sediment and debris management system proposed for new river configuration will eliminate need for existing Keating Channel function.
Navigation / Safety	Spillway to the Ship Channel is a concern under the <i>NWPA</i> during modification of the dockwall.	•	Comments acknowledged.
	Concerned about the frequency of flooding to the Ship Channel.	•	Comments acknowledged.
	Habitat structures proposed for the Don Narrows should avoid the thalweg.	•	Comments acknowledged.







Summary of Agency / Property Owner Issues and Responses **Table 10-17**

Issue	Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
	Safety concerns related to storm overflow into the Ship Channel (e.g., floating debris, suspended sediment, cross currents).	 Design elements have been incorporated including: No flood flows until at least the 25 year flood events; Weirs north of Keating Channel provide additional flood regulation; Floating hydraulic dredge will be able to remove sediment deposited in the Ship Channel as required; and Floating debris booms can be used to sweep debris following large flood events – removed by loader arm on hydraulic dredge. The only time cross currents would be an issue is during hurricane like events when ships would be anchored in the Inner Harbour.
	Safety related to new shoreline configuration for commercial and recreational boat navigation within the Inner Harbour.	 Navigation impact assessment was conducted and concluded that ships would continue to be able to access the berths along the Central Waterfront. Co-proponents will work with TPA to ensure all necessary navigational aids are installed, and changes to navigational charts are made in a timely manner. Sediment management upstream will ensure no delta formation at the mouth of the Don – floating hydraulic barge can provide maintenance if required.
Flooding	Concerns raised about increased flooding associated with filling of Don Narrows and possibility of providing additional flood protection instead of maintaining status quo.	Comments acknowledged.
Contamination	Need for treatment of road runoff for removal of salt and spills before entering seepage wetlands.	Comments acknowledged.
	Leaching of toxins into Toronto Harbour due to disturbance of contaminated lands.	Proposed construction phasing approach is designed to isolate the Don River and Lake Ontario up to around the 50 to 100 year flood event. Once completed, there will be a fill layer separating the lake and river from any contaminated material to ensure that the risk of contamination will be no greater than the current risk.
Infrastructure / Property Ownership	Required relocation of TPA's Works and Marine Services Department and equipment.	Sediment and debris management facilities will be relocated on the west bank of the Don River upstream of Lake Shore Boulevard. For the remaining works yard, Waterfront Toronto has identified dock space located along the western Turning Basin.
	Need for adequate connections to "islands" that	Comments acknowledged.
	 are created by the Lower Don Lands plan. Relocation of Cultural and Heritage designated structures highly discouraged. Changes require 	Comments acknowledged.
	Council approval.	







Table 10-17 Summary of Agency / Property Owner Issues and Responses

Issue	Comments Received		Consideration of Comments
	Hydro providers identified need to ensure existing servicing could be maintained, and that early notice prior to construction is required (several years lead time) to ensure that the hydro providers have identified future works in their capital budget process.	•	Comments acknowledged.
	HONI expressed interest in developing a comprehensive hydro delivery strategy for Port Lands rather than on an individual infrastructure basis.	•	Comments acknowledged.
	Concerned about access to Don Yard resulting from preferred alternative.	•	Comments acknowledged.
	Concerns raised about development proposed by Keating Precinct Plan given that Don Yard will have 24 hour per day (light and noise).		Comments acknowledged.
	Concerned about limits of the study area due to some alternatives requiring substantial amounts of land west of Cherry Street on the southeast corner of the Home Depot lands at 429 Lake Shore Boulevard East being required for naturalization and flood conveyance.	•	Selection of Alternative 4WS has alleviated much of this concern.
Economic	Financial impact of cessation and negative impacts on commercial shipping and cargo operations at several berths.	•	The Study Team commit to continued meetings with TPA as required to track this concern.
	TPA ownership of water lots in areas proposed for lake filling and creation of new shoreline.	•	The Study Team commit to continued meetings with TPA as required to track this concern.
Regulatory	EA obligations, authorizations and licenses under jurisdiction of TPA.	•	TRCA prepared a <i>CEAA</i> Screening Report and is aware that TPA will provide advice to TC (Responsible Authority (RA)) as it relates to the project. The Study Team commit to continued meetings with TPA as required to track this concern.

10.1.3 Aboriginal Consultation Activities and Results

The DMNP is located within the area of the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim, which was settled between the Government of Canada and the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation in 2010. A copy of the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim (2001) and a copy of "The History of the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation" are provided in **Appendix Q-5**.

In January 2010, the Government of Canada had publically announced an offer to the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation of \$145 million to resolve their Specific Claim (**Appendix Q-5** provides a copy of the article from Section A12 of the Globe and Mail, dated January 27, 2010). On May 29, 2010 the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation voted 95 percent in favour of accepting the offer to resolve the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim, with 67 percent of the eligible voters submitting ballots. It is anticipated that the "Duty to Consult" with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation will still be in effect, even after a positive referendum result.



"The Supreme Court of Canada has ruled that the Crown has a legal duty to consult, and where appropriate to accommodate, when the Crown has real or constructive knowledge of the potential existence of Aboriginal rights or title, and the Crown contemplates conduct that might adversely affect those rights whether those rights have been established (proven in court or agreed to in treaties) or whether there is the potential for rights to exist.

Further, there may be agreements that the Crown has entered into which require the Crown to engage in consultations with Aboriginal groups when a project is contemplated in specific circumstances."

(From the Public Participation Guide, website of the CEA Agency)

The Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation were not the only Aboriginal community to reside within the Toronto area. Archaeological evidence indicates that many other Aboriginal communities have occupied the Project Study Area over the centuries. As such, efforts were made to contact the following communities to discuss the DMNP more fully.

Aboriginal Communities and Associations contacted during the DMNP include:

- Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation:
- Miziwe Biik;
- Alderville First Nation;
- Curve Lake First Nation:
- Anishnabek Nation;
- Chippewas of Georgina Island First Nation;
- Chippewas of Mnjikaning First Nation (Rama First Nation);
- Ogemawhj Nation;
- Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations;

- Kawartha Nishnawbe First Nation;
- Conseil de la Nation Huronne-Wendat (Huron Wendat First Nation):
- Hiawatha First Nation;
- Chiefs of Ontario;
- Mississaugas of Scugog Island First Nation;
- Chippewas of Beausoleil First Nation;
- Toronto and York Region Métis Council;
- Métis Nation of Ontario; and,
- Native Canadian Centre.

10.1.3.1 Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation

Given the status of the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim, TRCA has been consulting with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation since the DMNP ToR process. Table 10-18 provides a summary of consultation with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation. Appendix Q-6 provides copies of the presentations and meeting summaries.

Table 10-18 Consultation with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation

Forum	Date	Description	Key Comments / Outcome of Meeting
Waterfront Toronto - First Nations Workshop	July 5, 2006	Chief LaForme and Margaret Sault were in attendance at the Workshop to hear about the update for the DMNP. Ms. Sault also participated on the bus tour, which included an opportunity to talk in detail about the DMNP.	No comments.







Consultation with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation **Table 10-18**

Forum	Date	Description	Key Comments / Outcome of Meeting
Project Specific Meetings with Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation	June 16, 2009	Met with Chief LaForme and Margaret Sault to discuss progress on the DMNP and the LDL EAMP.	The key issues discussed include: a) New historical document of the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation; b) Soil contamination; c) Places to Grow legislation; d) Funding availability to implement; e) Agreement for additional monitoring during construction along the original Cherry Street Spit alignment to ensure that impacts to possible heritage artifacts are mitigated; and, f) Primary consultation required with the Mississaugas of the New Credit.
	January 13, 2010	 Visited Chief LaForme and Margaret Sault to discuss the DMNP. A presentation was provided to show the preferred alternative (as shown to the public on May 9, 2009), as well as the proposed phasing strategy, adaptive management and monitoring program, preliminary impact assessment results, and next steps. A hard copy and digital copy of the draft EA will be provided for review. 	Key action items discussed include: a) TRCA provided a copy of Waterfront Toronto's Request for Proposal (RFP) for innovative soils management technologies pilot study on February 3, 2010; b) TRCA consulting with Waterfront Toronto and the City regarding the potential for a second First Nations workshop and site tour to discuss project progress along the waterfront; and c) TRCA to look into internship and summer opportunities for Aboriginal groups' involvement in the archaeological field school program and other programs at TRCA.
Project Updates	August, 2006	Sent copy of the DMNP Project Newslet DMNP ToR.	
	September 28, 2006	Sent invitation to participate on the Octo	der 14, 2006 Site Walk and Boat Tour.
	November 21, 2006	 Meeting materials from CLC Meeting #5 Newsletter #4. 	
	January 2007	Meeting materials from December 5, 200	06 Public Forum provided.
		Email sent providing a project update.	
		Meeting materials from CLC Meeting #6	·
	April 1, 2008	 Email sent providing an update on the project. 	roject and Newsletter #5 for the DMNP
	May 29, 2008	 Letter sent providing an update on the p 	
		Details on the May 24, 2009 Don Nar	• •
	A = =:1 04 0000		dition of the DMNP Project newsletter (#6).
	April 21, 2009	Sent out materials from CLC meeting #7 Invitation to the May 9, 2009 Public Fort	
	April 30, 2009	 Invitation to the May 9, 2009 Public Foru Project Newsletter #7. 	in sent including a copy of the Divine
	January 27, 2010	 Sent DMNP Project Newsletter #8. 	







Table 10-18 Consultation with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation

Forum	Date	Description	Key Comments / Outcome of Meeting
Other Information and Events	January 27, 2010	TRCA received Globe and Mail Newspaper article section A12 which reported that the Federal Government has offered the Mississauga of the New Credit First Nation \$145 million compensation for the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim. The offer will go to a referendum in the community.	 It is anticipated that the Mississaugas' Fist Nation rights and interests to the land will not be relinquished as a result of this settlement (if accepted), and that the Duty to Consult will still apply. This is to be confirmed. As of May 29, 2010, the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation voted 95 percent in favour of accepting the offer to resolve the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim – with 67 percent of the eligible voters submitting ballots.
	March 4, 2009	TRCA attended a presentation by the Mississauga of the New Credit First Nation at the Tollkeeper's Cottage in Toronto regarding the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim and a History of the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation.	Not applicable.

10.1.3.2 Consultation with Five Other Mississauga First Nations, Chippewas First Nations and the Ogemawahi Tribal Council

The Williams 1923 Treaties were among the last Treaties signed between the Government of Canada and First Nations. The Williams Treaties involved seven separate Treaties that were signed between October 31 and November 21, 1923. These Treaties involved three Chippewa Nations (Georgina Island, Christian Island (or Beausoleil) and Mnjikaning (or Rama)), and four Mississauga First Nations (Curve Lake, Hiawatha, Alderville, and Scugog), and resulted in the cessation of their Right to hunt and fish in their Territorial Lands. These Treaties covered over 4.7 million hectares of southern Ontario, with the southwestern limit ending just upstream of the Project Study Area near Bloor Street in the Don Watershed. Given the close proximity of their historical Territorial Lands, and their close ties with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation, Study Team provided project updates through mail and email correspondence to the four Mississauga First Nations and met with all seven member First Nations of the Williams 1923 Treaties.

A number of the Williams Treaty First Nations are also member First Nations of the Ogemawahj Tribal Council. The Tribal Council was re-established in 1990 and represents a co-operative between six First Nations including the Scugog and Alderville First Nations (Mississaugas), the Beausoleil, Georgina Island, and Mnjikaning First Nations (Chippewas), and the Moose Deer Point First Nation (Pottawatomis). Evidence of this alliance between the Mississauga, Chippewa and Pottawatomi First Nations has been documented as early as the 1690s. The Tribal Council allows these six First Nations to combine their resources to provide superior professional and technical services to its member First Nations.

In addition, on April 13, 2009, the Study Team received an opinion letter stating that the Territorial Rights to harvest lands in southern Ontario, including the DMNP Project Study Area, had never been ceded to the Government of Canada through the 1923 Williams Treaties by the Kawartha Nishnawbe First Nation. The Kawartha Nishnawbe First Nation are descendants of the Curve Lake First Nation (and part of the Mississauga Community). **Table 10-19** summarizes our efforts to consult with these five Mississauga First Nations and the Ogemawahi Tribal Council.



To date, the only input received has been from the Alderville First Nation. The Alderville First Nation expressed interest in the project and recommended that we incorporate native plants in the design. In particular, it was suggested that we plant wild rice, which provides a multitude of benefits, if we were able to establish a relatively carp-free area. The Study Team responded that we hoped to create such an area within the Greenway wetland that would connect to the Ship Channel.

Table 10-19 Consultation with Five Other Mississauga First Nations, Chippewas First Nations and the Ogemawahj Tribal Council

Forum	Date	Description	Key Information Provided / Outcome of Meeting
Waterfront Toronto - First Nations Workshop	July 5, 2006	 Jeffery Hewitt and Cathy of the Chippewas of Mnjikaning (member First Nation of the Ogemawahj Tribal Council) were in attendance at the Workshop. 	The workshop provided an update for the DMNP.
Project Updates and Correspondence	June 2, 2008	Email was sent to Mr. Pamajewon of the Mississaugas of Scugog Island First Nation to the attention of the Ogemawahj Tribal Council.	 Information provided included: An introduction to the DMNP; and, Copies of the project newsletter, editions #2 through #6 (#6 was the Don Narrows Special Edition).
	March 5, 2009	Letters were sent to the respective Chiefs of the Alderville, Hiawatha, Scugog Island and Curve Lake First Nations.	Information provided in the letters included: An introduction to the DMNP; Copies of the project newsletter including all Project Newsletters to date (editions #1 through #6) including details on the May 24, 2009 Don Narrows Workshop; and, A copy of the Don Narrows Special Edition of the DMNP Project newsletter (#6).
	Correspondence on March 23 and 30, 2009	Emails were exchanged with the Alderville First Nation.	 Alderville First Nation expressed interest in the project and recommended that native wild rice be incorporated into the design of the DMNP, if an area free of carp could be established. Study Team would be very interested in establishing conditions that could allow for wild rice to grow in the Don Greenway wetlands.
	April 30, 2009	Letter was sent to the Chief of the Kawartha Nishnawbe First Nation.	 Information provided in the letters included: An introduction to the DMNP; and, Copies of the project newsletter including all Project Newsletters to date (editions #1 through #7).
	May 4, 2009	Email sent to the Alderville First Nation.	 Information provided included: A project update regarding the upcoming Public Forum; and, A copy of the DMNP Newsletter edition #7.
	May 11, 2009	Email and letters were sent to the Chiefs of the Curve Lake, Scugog Island and Hiawatha First Nations.	 Information provided included: An update on the May 9, 2009 Public Forum results; and, A copy of the DMNP Project Newsletter edition #7.





Consultation with Five Other Mississauga First Nations, Chippewas First Nations and the **Table 10-19 Ogemawahj Tribal Council**

Forum	Date	Description	Key Information Provided / Outcome of Meeting
	January 27, 2010	Emails were sent to the Alderville, Curve Lake, Scugog Island, Hiawatha and Kawartha Nishnawbe First Nations.	 Information provided included a copy of the DMNP Project Newsletter edition #8.
Other Meetings	March 24, 2010	TRCA participated at a meeting with the Williams 1923 Treaties First Nations to provide an overview of the DMNP.	 Provided an overview of the DMNP and outlined the elements of the preferred alternative, benefits, impacts and next steps. Copies of the presentation were provided to those in attendance. Comments and questions discussed included: The level of archaeological assessment that was undertaken; Timing and availability of the EA report for public review; The extent to which the project is located on created land; and, The extent to which the new mouth of the Don River will be artificially created. Sediment management and removal. Soil testing for contaminants. Impacts of the project on Lake Ontario in relation to expected contaminants and their management. Existing fish species in the Don River and in the Inner Harbour.

Consultation with the Conseil de la Huronne-Wendat 10.1.3.3

The Conseil de la Huronne-Wendat or Huron-Wendat First Nation occupied much of southern and eastern Ontario, including the DMNP Project Study Area, prior to the Mississauga First Nations. During the 1600s, disease and warfare resulted in dramatic reductions in their populations and ultimately, the Huron-Wendat First Nations migrated north and east into Quebec. However, the Huron-Wendat First Nation continues to have strong cultural heritage ties to the Toronto Area given their long history of occupation in southern Ontario. As such, the Study Team included the Huron-Wendat First Nation in our consultation efforts. A summary of those efforts are provided in Table 10-20. For more details see Appendix Q-6.

Table 10-20 Consultation with the Conseil de la Hurrone-Wendat

Forum	Date	Description	Key Information Provided / Outcome of Meeting
Project Updates and Correspondence	June 2, 2008	Email was sent to Mr. Luc Lainé and Ms. Heather Bastien of the Conseil de la Huronne-Wendat.	 Information provided included: Introduction to the DMNP; and, Copies of the project newsletter, editions #2 through #6 (#6 was the Don Narrows Special Edition).
	June 6, 2008	Received a standard form letter dated May 29, 2008 from Max "One-Onti" Gros-Louis, Grand Chief of the Conseil de la Huronne-Wendat.	The letter advised that due to a lack of funding and resources to effectively participate in consultations, the Huronne-Wendat do not authorize any activity to proceed on the file.







Table 10-20 Consultation with the Conseil de la Hurrone-Wendat

Forum	Date	Description	Key Information Provided / Outcome of Meeting
	July 15, 2008	Discussions with MOE and Waterfront Toronto.	 The discussion resulted in a decision to proceed with the DMNP on the basis of the following: Province was already looking at providing funding for First Nations capacity building to assist with consultations; Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation are the only First Nation with a recognized Specific Claim in the area; Huronne-Wendat will continue to receive Project Newsletters as they are developed; and, The Huronne-Wendat will be reengaged once capacity building funding has been provided.
	May 6, 2009	Letter sent to Grand Chief Konrad Sioui with Cc's to Ms. Bastien and Mr. Lainé.	 Information provided included: Offered congratulations on his recent election to become Grand Chief; Introduced the DMNP objectives; Provided a history of the correspondence in 2008; Provided an update to the DMNP including DMNP Newsletter #7 and our correspondence with other First Nations, particularly the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation; Included information on the upcoming Public Forum; and, Offered our willingness to meet with their Council in Quebec.
	January 27, 2010	Email was sent to Mr. Lainé.	Information provided included a copy of the DMNP Project Newsletter edition #8.

10.1.3.4 Consultation with Miziwe Biik

Miziwe Biik Aboriginal Employment and Training was created in 1991 to meet the unique training and employment needs of Aboriginal peoples. Miziwe Biik provides the Greater Toronto Area's Aboriginal community with training initiatives and employment services. Miziwe Biik is one of about 20 agencies in Toronto that provides services for the Aboriginal community in the Greater Toronto Area (GTA) and had expressed interest in employment and education opportunities for the local Aboriginal community as it relates to the Lower Don Lands area and providing a network function with the other urban Aboriginal service providers in the City. In July 2006, the Study Team invited Miziwe Biik to participate on the CLC. **Table 10-21** provides a summary of consultation with Miziwe Biik.







Table 10-21 Consultation with Miziwe Biik

Forum	Date	Description	Key Information Provided / Outcome of Meeting	
Waterfront Toronto - First Nations Workshop	July 5, 2006	 Mr. Kenn Ross, Ms. Barb Nahwegahb s.ow, Ms. Nancy Martin and Mr. Harry Wilmot from Miziwe Biik were in attendance at the Workshop and Site Walk. 	The workshop provided an update for the DMNP.	
Meetings	July 18, 2006	Meeting with Mr. Ross	Opportunities for Aboriginal participation and input in the DMNP process and other opportunities in general were discussed.	
	November 21, 2006	Miziwe Biik participated at CLC #5	No comments provided.	
Project Updates and Correspondence	September 28, 2006	 Miziwe Biik released flyers on behalf of the Study Team regarding the October 14, 2006 Site Walk and Boat Tour to 100 residents in Toronto and 20 other Aboriginal Service Agencies in the GTA. Miziwe Biik released flyers on behalf of the Study Team regarding the December 5, 2006 Public Forum to 100 residents in Toronto and 20 other Aboriginal Service Agencies in the GTA. 		
	December, 2006			
	February 26, 2008	Meeting materials from CLC Meeting #6	S provided.	
	April 2009	 Sent out agenda and invitation for CLC meeting #7. Invitation to the May 9, 2009 Public Forum sent which included a copy of the DMNP Project Newsletter edition #7. 		
	April 30, 2009			
	December 2009	Sent out invitation and draft agenda for CLC #8.		
	January 27, 2010	• Emails were sent to Miziwe Bilk providing a copy of the DMNP Project Newsletter edition # 8.		

10.1.3.5 Consultation with other Aboriginal Associations and Alliances

A number of other Aboriginal groups received notices, flyers, newsletters and public meeting materials as part of the official Public Consultation Record. These included the Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations, the Chiefs of Ontario, the Toronto and York Region Métis Council, the MNO Regional Office #8 and the Native Canadian Centre. The Anishnabek Nation was also approached during the DMNP ToR phase, but they informed us we needed to consult with the specific Aboriginal communities with an interest in the project. **Table 10-22** provides a summary of the information that was released during the EA.

Table 10-22 Consultation with other Aboriginal Associations and Alliances

Forum	Date	Description
Waterfront Toronto - First Nations Workshop	July 5, 2006	 Ms. Sharon John and Ms. Rolanda Elijah of the Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations were in attendance at the Workshop and site tour to hear about the update for the DMNP (and other waterfront projects).
Project Updates and Correspondence	August 17, 2006 September 28, 2006	 Notice of Approval of DMNP ToR released to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council and Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations. Released flyers for upcoming Site Walk and Boat Tour (October 14, 2006) to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis and Association of Iroquois and Allied First
	December 5, 2006 Public Forum	 Nations as part of public distribution. Meeting invitation, materials and DMNP Project Newsletter were sent to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council and Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations as part of public distribution.







Table 10-22 Consultation with other Aboriginal Associations and Alliances

Forum	Date	Description
	January 25, 2007	 Meeting materials from October 14, 2006 Site Walk and Boat Tour made available to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council and Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations as part of public distribution.
	March 29, 2008 Public Forum	 Meeting notices and newsletters sent to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council and Association of Iroquois and Allied Indians, as part of Public Contact List in advance of the Public Forum.
	June 6, 2008	 All meeting materials and public feedback generated on Public Forum #4 from March 28, 2008 published on TRCA website. Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council, Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations and Native Canadian Centre advised of the postings.
	November 10, 2008	 All meeting materials and public feedback generated from Don Narrows Workshop from May 24, 2008 published on TRCA website. Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council, Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations and Native Canadian Centre advised of the postings.
	April 30, 2009	 Email invitation sent to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council, Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations and Native Canadian Centre for the May 9, 2009 Public Forum including a copy of the DMNP Project Newsletter edition #7.
	January 2010	 Email advertisement flyer sent to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council, MNO, Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations and Native Canadian Centre in advance of Public Forum on January 27, 2010.
	January 27, 2010	 Emails with DMNP Project Newsletter edition #8 (including Public Forum advertisement) were sent to Chiefs of Ontario, Toronto and York Region Métis Council, MNO, Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations and Native Canadian Centre advised of the postings.
Meetings	May 13, 2010	Meeting with MNO: Informed that there is a new Toronto elected council in addition to the Oshawa and Credit councils. The DMNP will be presented to the councils. The MNO staff was excited with the project and were seeking to partner with TRCA to mobilize their political membership to advocate that the Province obtain funding for the project. The MNO expressed interest in discussing opportunities for research on Métis archaeology which they believe is a field that has been neglected for a long time.
	September 15, 2010	 Meeting with the Toronto and York Region Métis Council of MNO to provide an update on the status of the DMNP. A letter was sent by the Toronto and York Region Métis Council following the meeting indicating that if the DMNP were to proceed, there would be no immediate impacts to Métis rights, culture or Way of Life. The DMNP has the potential to enhance the Métis way of life within the urban sector of Toronto under the stipulations that: The DMNP proceeds as presented; The MNO and the Council are presented the opportunity to participate in the planning process for heritage and park design along with housing development; TRCA regularly informs the MNO of the project's timeline, EA benchmarks and any new developments; and, Consultation with MNO continues to occur; MNO and / or the Council may request





Summary of Aboriginal Issues and Responses 10.1.3.6

Table 10-23 summarizes the key issues raised by Aboriginal groups through the consultation activities described in this section.

Table 10-23 Summary of Aboriginal Comments Received and Responses Provided

Issue	Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
Land Claims	Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation are the only First Nation with a recognized Specific Claim in the area.	Given the status of the Toronto Purchase Specific Claim, TRCA has been consulting with the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation since the beginning of the DMNP ToR process.
Engagement in the EA Process	Huronne-Wendat advising, that due to a lack of funding and resources to effectively participate in consultations, the Huronne-Wendat do not authorize any activity to proceed on the file.	Huronne-Wendat will continue to receive Project Newsletters as they are developed and they will be re-engaged once capacity building funding has been provided.
Funding and Implementation	Funding and availability to implement the project.	Funding for implementation of the project is a major issue that TRCA, Waterfront Toronto and the City of Toronto recognize is critical. The project implementation will be phased over several years.
	Soil contamination is an issue.	 <u>During Construction</u> Excavation of the new river valley system, including low flow channel, wetlands and adjacent terrestrial environments, will improve soil quality by removing soils that are contaminated with inorganic compounds. Oil from abandoned pipelines will be removed and all uncovered abandoned pipelines will be cut and capped. A spill response plan will be prepared and will be followed and if any leakage or spillage is to occur, it will be reported immediately. <u>During Establishment / Post-Establishment</u> Soils within the new floodplain will meet applicable generic site conditions standards or property specific standards derived through a risk assessment and will therefore be suitable as a growing medium and as habitat for terrestrial and aquatic wildlife. Any remaining contaminated soils will be separated from uncontaminated material by an impermeable barrier to eliminate the risk of migrating contaminants.
Cultural Heritage Artifacts	Additional monitoring during construction along the original Cherry Street Spit alignment to ensure that impacts to possible heritage artifacts are mitigated.	 A professional archaeologist will be on site to monitor excavation in areas of archaeological potential. If artifacts are found, the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport will be notified and construction in the area of the find will cease until the value of the find can be ascertained. If Aboriginal artifacts are discovered, the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport will provide guidance on which Aboriginal groups would likely be interested in the finds and these groups will be notified. Mitigation of construction-related disturbance to built heritage resources and cultural heritage landscapes through landscaped buffering, stabilization and maintenance of vehicular access as required.
Naturalized Areas	Native wild rice should be incorporated into the design of the DMNP, if an area free of carp could be established.	







10.1.4 Review of 2010 Draft EA Report

A Draft EA report was submitted to the MOE for review on July 8, 2010. The 2010 Draft EA report was also circulated to the following members of the Government Review Team and other stakeholders:

- Bell Canada:
- CEA Agency;
- City of Toronto;
- Enbridge Gas Distribution Inc.;
- **Environment Canada**;
- Enwave District Energy Limited;
- DFO;
- GO Transit;
- Health Canada:
- HONI;

- Indian and Northern Affairs Canada:
- Local Councillors, MPs and MPPs;
- Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs;
- Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport;
- MNR:
- ORC:
- Rogers Cable;
- Toronto Hydro Corporation;
- TPA; and,
- TC.

The 2010 Draft EA report was also submitted to members of the CLC and to Aboriginal communities and groups.

Comments Received from Public and Other Stakeholders 10.1.4.1

Table 10-24 summarizes the comments received from public and other stakeholders and the responses provided to those comments.

Table 10-24 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public/Stakeholders on the 2010 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response		
Bell Canada – August 17, 2010				
We have undertaken a preliminary review of the Draft EA, and are pleased to note that the Draft EA recognizes the number and extent of utility crossings of the floodplain, including telecommunications (Section 6.2.1.1). We understand that possible crossing locations have been identified that minimize the length required to service the future development blocks and facilitate connections with existing infrastructure, while minimizing or avoiding disturbance of the future naturalized system.	Section 6.2.1.1	Comments acknowledged.		
We understand that a component of the mitigation measures during construction is to meet with utility providers to confirm that the utilities may be removed or relocated and to develop an approach to maintain services during construction. We welcome future discussions in this regard.	Chapter 7	Comments acknowledged.		
We are currently undertaking a more detailed review of the EA and will provide further comments once that review has been completed.	General comment	Comment acknowledged.		
Letter from John Wilson, member of CLC – August 17, 2010				
Suggested editing: "The first objective considers the naturalization of the Don Mouth and Lower Don River by creating a more natural river mouth form, which will over the long term do the following:"	Section 1.2 - P. 1- 4, para. 4	This edit has been made.		







Table 10-24 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public/Stakeholders on the 2010 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
Regarding the statement, "The Ashbridges Bay Marsh was the largest coastal wetland in the Great Lakes basin", this should read as, "was one of the largest coastal wetlands on Lake Ontario".	Section 3.1 - P. 3- 5, para 1	This edit has been made.
It must be clear, when you re-evaluate the other alternatives, that you are not giving the new Alternative 4WS an unwarranted advantage based upon it having won the Design Competition, making it arguably an emotional favourite. Here it is necessary to clarify that, while insights from the Design Competition provided new opportunities, all "carry forward" alternatives were to be re-evaluated using the same criteria.	Section 5.3.2.1 - P. 5-34	Edits have been made to relevant sections in Chapter 5 to address this point.
It should be stated that this is why Alternative 5 was not re-considered. In effect, Alternative 4WS is Alternative 5 with the refined criteria discussed in Section 5.3.2.1 above. (These two suggestions address comments made by Lafarge's representatives at recent public meetings.)	Section 5.3.2.2 - P. 5-35, para. 1	This comment is incorrect. Alternative 4WS is not Alternative 5. Alternative 5 included three permanently wetted discharge points, resulting in the creation of a naturalized delta. Alternative 4WS has one permanently wetted discharge point and two spillways and includes the development of lands between the discharge point and the spillways.
Excellent progressively argued comparison and summary. When do we address the obvious concern that the preferred alternative is the least preferred for operational management and constructability? That seems like a pretty serious flaw.	Section 5.4	Thank you. It should be noted that Alternative 4WS is least preferred for operational management and constructability relative to the other alternatives but not in an absolute sense. Therefore, while there are disadvantages with respect to operational management and constructability they can be addressed through design refinements and the application of mitigation as documented in Step 5.
Would it be valuable to note that the criteria and indicators had been developed and comments received prior to the Design Competition? Again, this is to underscore that you did not change the rules midstream to give the MVVA design an unfair advantage.	Section 5.4.2.1 - P. 5-47	The criteria and indicators used for the Step 4 evaluation described at the end of Chapter 5 were developed prior to the Design Competition and refined following the competition to include criteria that better addressed the ability of each alternative to integrate with the proposed development and to address the larger Project Study Area.
"plants used to establish the naturalized communities will be indigenous to the extent feasible" [italics added by reviewer] Please delete the last four words. Indigenous plants are always feasible, and these wiggle words are unnecessary given the overarching statement, "Although the planting plan is not included in this EA" which provides more than adequate wiggle room.	Table 6-1 - P. 6-2 - Second Table 6- 1 entry on this page, right column	This edit has been made.
Sentence beginning "These grades" seems to need editing to be meaningful.	Section 6.1.1.1, P. 6-6, 2nd para	The following change has been made: These grades will allow for some continued use and occupation of the existing operations on the property.





Table 10-24 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public/Stakeholders on the 2010 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
See sentence "A flexible pipe will carry the slurry from the Ship Channel wetland to a barge-mounted hydrocyclone" This seems to suggest that the slurry is deposited in the Ship Channel wetland and is removed from there. A clearer description would be "A flexible pipe will carry the slurry from the fixed piping outlet on the Basin Street causeway to a barge-mounted hydrocyclone"	Section 6.1.2.2, P. 6-17	This section has been edited to clarify that the slurry will be moved by pipe to the barge-mounted hydrocyclone located along the north edge of the Ship Channel.
Second sentence does not make sense. It seems to say that all the bridges noted are exceptions to the rule of "fixed bridges", but the map (Figure 6-19) says the opposite. The last sentence in the section ends "where feasible." Is it not clear which bridges must meet navigation requirements? In the case of the main low flow channel (Reach 3) is there any question of navigation beyond canoes / kayaks under the pedestrian bridges? Could this not be more descriptive / informative?	Section 6.2.1- P. 6-30	The text has been edited to match Figure 6-19, which is correct. The reference to "where feasible" has been removed.
The last paragraph needs something to tie the East Bayfront stormwater information to this EA. Are you suggesting that similar treatment facilities be investigated in the Lower Don Lands? You should state the connection, or leave it out.	Section 6.2.1.2 – P. 6-32 and 6-33 –	The reference to the East Bayfront stormwater facilities has been removed.
Cassels Brock and Blackwell – Representatives	of Lafarge Canada	Inc. – August 19, 2010
Change in the Goal: The EA was fundamentally changed when, in the middle of the EA process in 2008, the goal was, without approval, changed from one "to establish and sustain the form, features and function of a natural river mouth while providing flood protection" to one "to create a river as a centrepiece rather than as an edge" in order to bring a fresh "new perspective" to the Lower Don Lands as a result of Waterfront Toronto's Innovative Design Competition.		The Goal Statement for the DMNP was developed through public and agency consultation during the EA ToR stage. This Goal Statement has remained consistent throughout the EA and remains the same as shown in paragraph two on Page 1-4 in Chapter 1 of the Draft DMNP Report: "The goal of the DMNP is to establish and sustain the form, features, and functions of a natural river mouth within the context of a revitalized City environment while providing flood protection up to the Regulatory Flood." The goal and objectives have been used consistently throughout the EA process in developing and evaluating alternatives on the basis of how those alternatives met the objectives.
Improper Evaluation: As a result of that Competition, the evaluation was changed retroactively, as stated in the EA at page 5-33 to 5-34, after having completed the evaluation of alternatives in Step 3, and almost completing Step 4, and with only Step 5, the Evaluation and Refinement of the preferred alternative, remaining to be completed the evaluation of Steps 1-4 was redone with new criteria applied as a result of the injection of results of the Design Competition.	General comment	In response to the Design Competition, all of the alternatives were modified in terms of the area available for naturalization, the composition and optimization of naturalized areas, the area available for development and parkland and the location of infrastructure. To address these changes, the evaluation criteria as originally envisioned were simplified and revised. Key changes to the evaluation criteria reflect the following issues: Revised study area and alternatives; Greater integration with built form; Incorporation of active recreation components originally proposed for Commissioners Park;







Table 10-24 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public/Stakeholders on the 2010 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
		 Revised approach to consideration of effects on infrastructure; Naturalization optimization including both wetland and terrestrial opportunities; and Ensuring alternatives can accommodate planned infrastructure (e.g., grading of bridges to accommodate proposed transit).
Improper Chosen Alternative: With this change to reflect the results of the Design Competition, it is clear that the terms of reference and the evaluation criteria of the EA changed in midstream. The alternative of a primary discharge into the Inner Harbour and a secondary discharge into the Ship Channel was originally rejected because "it resulted in the removal of Port facilities (2,316 metres of dockwall lost), removal of recreational opportunities associated with the (entertainment facility) Docks, inconsistency with the Secondary Plan and the removal of 40.76 hectares of developable land" Moreover, the original ToR stated that this alternative removes 16 existing businesses or industrial uses including Lafarge and "has a low potential to meet the project objections and should not be considered further in the EA process." As a result of the Design Competition, this option of a primary discharge in the Inner Harbour was reintroduced into the EA and became the preferred alternative although it had been eliminated.	General comment	Your statement that the Preferred Alternative is a throwback to an "Alternative To" considered and rejected during the DMNP ToR is incorrect. On Page 7, of Appendix A of the DMNP ToR, a clear description of this Alternative To (#5) was provided. In summary, Alternative 5 had three permanent discharge points to Lake Ontario and the area between the discharge points was identified as a delta marsh exclusively used for naturalization and flood conveyance. This alternative eliminated the ability of the DMNP to integrate with the proposed urban fabric for this area, and on that basis, the alternative was not considered further. As indicated in the DMNP, the resulting preferred alternative is not a delta marsh, but rather it is a variation of Alternative 4. It has one permanent discharge point and two spillway areas with development permitted between the discharge point and spillways.
As a result of the changing of the goals, the new criteria and the re-doing of completed work, an alternative which has been rejected was then chosen as the preferred alternative with the further result that the Lafarge site which was originally unaffected, is to be park, open space and promenade. While changes in the criteria may be made during the EA process, and the Project Study Area may indeed be expanded, it is, in our view, improper that the Design Competition should be injected so late into the EA process so as to change the goal of the EA, when that design had not undergone any public scrutiny, evaluation or comments under the <i>Planning Act</i> , or other legislation. The results of the Design Competition were not, in any way, tantamount to an official plan or other public policy ultimately approved through an open and accountable process. This injection is further called into question when it is realized that evaluation in the EA does not take into account specific policies in the Place to Growth Plan and the Mineral Aggregate provisions of the Provincial Policy Statement (PPS). Those policies would specifically protect Lafarge's terminal and, in our view, the EA is not consistent with and is in conflict with them.	General comment	The DMNP process has been innovative, fair, open and appropriate. As a result, it meets the requirements under the provincial <i>EA Act</i> . The International Design Competition was not designed to be a land use planning mechanism. Rather the Competition provided an innovative forum to give more detailed consideration to the Project Study Area and demonstrate the potential for comprehensive City building that was complementary to and in keeping with the ongoing DMNP. The public and stakeholders were engaged during the Competition. At its conclusion, the concept proposed by the winning design team underwent significant refinement, study and public consultation as part of the development and evaluation of alternatives through the DMNP process. The studies and evaluations were conducted in conformance with the approved EA framework. The DMNP is entirely consistent with the intent of the Places to Grow Plan and the PPS, and implements a number of the goals and objectives set forth by the Province. It makes use of existing infrastructure, emphasizes environmental sustainability, and avoids sprawl.







Table 10-24 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public/Stakeholders on the 2010 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
Julie Beddoes, member of CLC, August 23, 2010		
Reading through the Draft EA report, I am again awed by the project and also by the fabulous work you have all done. The report is a great achievement and speaks volumes about the professional skill, integrity and dedication of the team. It has been a nostalgia trip too, reliving all those evenings in Metro Hall. I have noticed phrases that were produced after hours of nitpicking by the community reps and I thank you all for your endless patience and courtesy and the way you have responded to our various quirks and obsessions. I long for the day when we will walk together through our beautiful new river valley and that the people who deserve it will be the ones who get the recognition and thanks.		Comments acknowledged.

10.1.4.2 Comments Received from Review Agencies

Table 10-25 below summarizes the comments received regarding the 2010 Draft EA report from review agencies and the responses to those comments.

Table 10-25 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report²

Comment	Section	Response			
MOE Central Region Technical Support (Kathlee	MOE Central Region Technical Support (Kathleen Anderson / Jamila Dhanji) – August 19, 2010				
All regulatory requirements should be included within the text of the EA document and not embedded in the appendices. The draft is inconsistent in the mentioning of various regulatory requirements and bringing to the forefront would facilitate ease of reading and transparency.	General Comment	Agreed. Please see revised Sections 1.5 in the Final EA.			
Soil placement must comply with O.Reg. 153/04 if Records of Site Conditions are being filed.	Section 6.5.1	Agreed, soil placement will comply with O.Reg. 153/04 as amended by O.Reg. 511/09 if Records of Site Conditions are being filed.			
States "use of a risk assessment to determine property specific standards for soil contamination may be adopted". Please clarify what standards or approach is being used to determine lake filling requirements. The Draft EA refers to both the Lake fill Guidelines and risk assessed standards.	Section 6.5.1.2	Lake fill guidelines will be used for fill up to the high water mark. Risk assessment to determine property specific standards will be used as appropriate on land, including within the promontory above the high water mark.			
Please make reference to Appendix K for specifics.	Section 6.5.1.2	Please see revised section; additional references have been provided.			

^{2.} NB. Comments and responses in this table may reference sections of the original EA Report and may not apply to the Amended EA Report.

Conservation

for The Living City-



Table 10-25 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report²

Comment	Section	Response
Include that the conditions with respect to soil brought to Record of Site Conditions properties will be carried out in compliance with O.Reg. 153/04 as amended.	Section 6.5.1.4	Agreed; change has been made to reflect compliance with O.Reg. 153/04 as amended as reasonably applicable.
Discharges (also reference in Appendix K) must comply with the <i>OWRA</i> if required.	Section 6.5.2.3	Agreed; appropriate edits have been made to sections 6.5.2.3 and Appendix K.
Constructed settlement lagoons will require Section 53 <i>OWRA</i> approval.	Section 6.5.2.3	Agreed; the appropriate reference will be added to Section 6.5.2.3.
Please reference Appendix K in this section.	Section 6.5.2.3	Please see revised section; additional references have been provided.
Please note that a Part V approval under the Environmental Protection Act is required and not "may" as the Designated Waterfront Area is not considered to be one site.	Appendix K	Agreed; the reference to Part V approval has been deleted from Appendix K and has been added to the list of required approvals in Section 1.5 and to the principles outlined for phasing and construction in Section 6.5.
Please provide regulatory information in support of the quality of soil that will be used for lake filling as well as the requirements for dredged material.	Appendix K	As referenced in Section 6.6.1, construction rubble that is considered suitable for lake filling as unconfined fill material under the MOE Fill Quality Guidelines will be used.
		Re-use of trapped sediments will only apply to dredged materials that are uncontaminated or readily treated, based on the Soil, Groundwater and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the <i>Environmental Protection Act</i> .
The storage of hazardous material must meet the requirements of O. Reg. 347.	Appendix K	Agreed.
There are no MOE "dust control licenses" as stipulated in Appendix K.	Appendix K	The reference to dust control licenses has been removed from Appendix K.
MOE Central Region Technical Support (Dan Del	aquis)- August 19,	2010
All maps, diagrams and tables in the Final EA should appear in colour, black and white format makes these figures difficult to interpret. Additionally, we recommend increasing the font size to assist with readability.	General comment	Efforts have been made to increase font sizes on figures and provide figures in colour to improve readability.
Please correct the names and numbers of the Environmentally Significant Areas (ESAs) on Figure 3-9 and page 3-23, as they do not correspond.	Figure 3-9 and page 3-23	The figure and corresponding text has been updated to match.
Figures 4-2 through 4-8 do not have a scale.	Figure 4-2 through 4-8	A scale has been added to Figures 4-2 to 4-8.
Recommend that the proponent discuss how the objectives are assessed and weighted in the selection of the preferred alignment.	Table 5-24	As discussed in Section 5.4 and its subsections, for the short list evaluation the objectives were assessed using criteria and indicators which measured the ability of each alternative to achieve each project objective. Neither the objectives nor the criteria and indicators were weighted in undertaking the evaluation. This approach has been clarified in the text.







Table 10-25 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report²

Comment	Section	Response
Section states that the proponent's commitment to test and handle soils in accordance with O.Reg. 511/09. Please note that O.Reg. 511/09 is an amendment to O.Reg. 153/04 and it is the latter regulation which is still in effect. Recommend that it be stated that soils will be tested in accordance to O.Reg. 153/04 and all amendments.	Section 6.5.1.2, Paragraph 3	Agreed; change has been made to reflect compliance with O.Reg. 153/04 and all amendments.
States that approximately 12 hectares of low quality terrestrial habitat will be permanently removed. We recommend that the proponent state whether or not these lands comprise any of the ESAs or Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSIs) in the area.	Page 7-36, "effects"	This clarification has been added. Please see the revisions to Section 7.4.7.
Part of the stated objective for this undertaking is "transform the existing mouth of the Don River including the Keating Channel, into a healthier, more naturalized river outlet to the Toronto Inner Harbour and Lake Ontario, while at the same time removing the risk of flooding" Given that an existing flood risk is from the build-up of sediment in the Keating Channel, we recommend that sedimentation potential be included as a screening criterion. It would be preferable to develop "alternatives to", or "alternatives" that eliminate the need to regularly dredge the new river mouth after implementation.	Section 5.2.2.3	Sediment is transported from within the Don River watershed to its current outlet at the Keating Channel in quantities averaging between 30,000-40,000 cubic metres annually. The Keating Channel EA (1983) resulted in a better understanding of overall flood risks and identified three spill zones affecting in the order of 440 hectares of existing developed areas under the regulatory flood. Sediment management in the form of continued dredging within the Keating Channel was also identified as providing partial relief especially in terms of more frequent flooding. Continued dredging was an activity that came out of this work but it was also recognized that it alone could not provide a complete solution to the overall flood risk. The ToR for the DMNP identified the need to provide for ongoing dredging activities in order to manage the sediment generated on a watershed basis. On page 14
		of the ToR, the third objective dealt with this need and is reiterated in Sections 1.2 and 2.1.2 of this EA. The second objective defined in the ToR is to contain and safely convey the regulatory flood. It was recognized early on that achieving conveyance would require widening of the channel between the Lake Shore Boulevard bridge and the CN Rail crossing, as this reach contains the hydraulic pinch point within the system. Widening the channel to increase hydraulic capacity results in slower stream velocities, which in turn causes sediment deposition within this reach. Therefore, the sediment trap is proposed to be constructed immediately downstream of the CN Rail bridge. This feature is common to all of the alternatives that were considered. Watershed-based activities underway through implementation of the Don Watershed Management Master.
		Plan and the Wet Weather Flow Management Master Plan will have long-term positive effects on reducing the annual sediment loads that must be managed.







Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report² **Table 10-25**

Comment	Section	Response
Recommend that the proponent consult with the MOE Central Permit to Take Water (PTTW) Co-ordinator prior to detailed design to confirm any approval requirements for water takings during construction or operation. This includes groundwater or surface water extraction, and the active diversion of surface water flows by pumping in excess of 50,000 litres per day. If a PTTW is required for construction dewatering, a site specific monitoring program for discharge water quality and quantity, as well as a mitigation program may need to be developed.	Section 6.5.2	At the time of detailed design and in advance of construction, the MOE PTTW Co-ordinator will be consulted with respect to any approval requirements for water takings during construction.
Please identify how runoff will be prevented from entering the lake and / or river during the excavation of contaminated soils, and during construction.	Page 7-21 "mitigation measures"	In Chapter 7 Section 7.4.4.1, page 7-21, "Mitigation Measures" refers to the requirement to manage surface runoff and erosion that may be created to ensure that any sediment is contained on site and does not enter into the river or lake. Standard mitigative measures assumed for this assessment are discussed in Chapter 6 and detailed in Appendix K. This section states that any contractor on site must adhere to BMPs for stormwater control design and management. These practices will be identified through both detailed design and the development of site specific and overall environmental management plans. As noted in Chapter 8, Section 8.1.2, ensuring adequate design and operation of all types of sediment and runoff management designs will also be a component of the overall compliance monitoring requirements for this project.
With the exception of the proposal to install barriers between new fill and existing contaminated soils, there is no mention of the possible, longer-term issue of the creation of new pathways, or the enhancement of existing pathways, for the migration of contaminated groundwater from the existing sources that are currently known or yet to be detected. This needs to be examined further.	General comment	In addition to the installation of the barrier beneath the river channel and the wetlands to prevent the migration of contaminated groundwater into surface water, we have further assumed the over-excavation of the river channel footprint and wetlands by 1.0 to 1.5 metres to facilitate the installation of such a barrier. This depth will be confirmed through the RA/RM to accommodate whatever form of barrier is adopted. The flexibility and maximum degree to which downcutting is permissible will be set by the depth of cover over contaminated soils as defined by the RA/RM. To ensure that no new pathways are created, our phasing plan requires that all proposed crossings of the new river valley system (that may require excavation through contaminated soils) either be constructed simultaneously with the river valley system (in the case of bridge structures) or be accommodated within underground utility conduits for providing servicing across the floodplain. This approach is intended to:
		Mitigate the impact of future utility crossings on the new river valley system by providing encased crossings with spare capacity and the ability to replace linear plant by means of no-dig methods;





Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report² **Table 10-25**

Comment	Section	Response
		 Minimize disruptions and inconvenience to recreational users and the public from repeat construction activities within the new river valley system; and Minimize environmental impacts of repeated excavation. It is expected that any utility crossings of the floodplair be designed to minimize or avoid disturbance of the future naturalized system and to avoid exposure of underlying contaminated soils and groundwater to the naturalized surface system, especially during
There is a considerable amount of unknown information pertaining to the outcomes of ongoing studies, namely the Groundwater Management Master Plan for Projects within the Designated Waterfront Area. Of particular concern is the management and mitigation of surface water that may come into contact with contaminated sediments and groundwater. As per the Municipal Class EA process identified for the undertaking of a Master Plan, we recommend that the Groundwater Management Master Plan for Projects within the Designated Waterfront Area be circulated to our office as soon as it is available for review, as the findings of this document are pertinent to the LDL EAMP and Keating Channel Precinct plan.	General comment	maintenance of utilities or installation or new utilities. Agreed; a final draft version of this document was circulated by Waterfront Toronto to the MOE in March 2010.
MOE EA and Approvals Branch (Solange Desaut	tels) - August 19, 2	010
In addition to mitigation, it is recommended that all commitments with respect to such matters as undertaking additional study; additional proposed consultation with stakeholders; and submission of additional materials to stakeholders, agencies and this ministry be clearly articulated in the EA and should be also located in one place in the documentation in order to facilitate compliance. Also, where specifics are to be determined during the detailed design, this should be clearly stated as well as a commitment to consult with relevant stakeholders and the MOE about the specific details where warranted.	General comment	A table of commitments has been prepared and is included in the executive summary, as well as in section 8.1.2 (EA Compliance Monitoring).
The final EA must include an executive summary and appropriate maps as required by O.Reg. 334. The executive summary should also reference the list of studies, or reports under the control of the proponent which were done for the undertaking or the list of the studies / reports that are related to the undertaking that are not under control of the proponent which are noted elsewhere in the EA document.	Executive summary	The executive summary has been prepared to address the requirements of O.Reg. 334.







Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report² **Table 10-25**

Comment	Section	Response
The executive summary would also benefit by providing an overview of the ToR commitments and where and how these are addressed in the EA. This can be completed in a tabular format. This should also include any additional commitments made in response to comments provided in the ToR submission, if applicable.	Executive summary	This information is contained in the executive summary
Other Approvals – land use designations and zoning should be described as well as specific nature of the <i>Planning Act</i> approvals (e.g., OPA, rezoning, site plan approvals).	Chapter 1	This information has been added to Section 1.5 of the Final EA. The existing land use designations are described in Section 3.4.6.2 (land use planning).
Clarification is required with respect to the mitigation measures and net effects associated with the comparative evaluation provided for in Chapter 5.	Chapter 5	Clarification has been provided in Section 5.4.2.2.
While detailed descriptions are provided in various tables in Chapter 5 of each main objective by criteria and the ranking of each criteria is generally understood, the ranking of the overall objective summaries is not always clear when the various criteria summaries are evenly ranked (e.g., two least preferred and two most preferred-summary = most preferred; Table 5-23).	Chapter 5, Table 5-23	Additional detail has been added to Sections 5.4.2.2 and 5.4.2.3 to clarify how the rankings were combined.
Table 5-24 should explain that this is an overall summary of all previous tables in Chapter 5.	Chapter 5, Table 5-24	This clarification has been added to Section 5.4.3.8 in reference to Table 5-24.
Figures 5-6 and 5-7 are missing from Chapter 5.	Chapter 5, Figures 5-6 and 5-7	These figures have been included in the final EA report.
Reference being made here appears to refer to Figure 6-30 but should be 6-29 as this is the figure which shows 5g.	Chapter 6, pg 5- 29, last paragraph.	The reference has been changed.
First two paragraphs should be deleted as this is not applicable and does not clearly represent what is required.	Chapter 9, Section 9.1.1	These paragraphs have been deleted in Section 9.1.1.
Any technical reports and / or any Addendum, particularly those which are more significant would be required to be submitted to the ministry for the public record. Documentation and compliance with modification procedures and clarification of the assessment of any proposed change may be subject to a ministry review where warranted which is not clearly stated in this section.	Chapter 9	Section 9.2 has been edited to include this information.
Consultation Record – Final EA should be updated with any government, agency, public and Aboriginal comments provided on the Draft EA as well as how and where these comments are addressed in the EA. The final consultation record should also provide an overview summary of all key issues identified and how responded to and / or addressed.	Chapter 10	This information has been included as Section 10.4 in this Final EA Report.







Table 10-25 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report²

Comment	Section	Response
Prior to final submission, it is recommended that we discuss your proposed Government Review Team and agency circulation list and timing and administration of the submission of documents and notice requirements.	General comment	Agreed.
MOE EA and Approvals Branch (Thomas Shevlin	Air and Noise Uni	it) - August 12, 2010
Current plans for the West Don Lands should be included in the EA as areas containing potential Points of Reception for post-construction noise from the sediment management activities.	Chapter 7	The sediment management area will be located on a wedge of land between the Don Rail yard and the Gardiner Expressway. The closest residential development in the West Don Lands is over 300 metres away from this location, and separated by the existing rail berm, and therefore was not included as a potential point of reception. Furthermore, it is proposed that a hydraulic dredge will be used to remove the sediment from the bottom of the sediment trap. This type of dredge will be quieter than the existing clam dredge.
It is further suggested that this post-construction noise source be added to the Section 8.2 list of activities to be subjected to the EA Compliance Monitoring.	Section 8.2	Post-construction noise has not been identified as an effect of the project and therefore has not been included as part of EA Compliance Monitoring.
MOE EA and Approvals Branch (Hitesh Vaja, W&	W Unit C of A Rev	iew section)- August 30, 2010
More details on the design of the proposed stormwater management facility noted in Section 6.2.1.2 (along the Water's Edge Promenade between Jarvis Street to Parliament Street) should be provided. Such facilities should be designed to provide an "Enhanced Level of Treatment".	Section 6.2.1.2	This facility is not part of the preferred alternative. Therefore, any reference to this facility has been removed from the EA report.
With respect to stormwater quality and quantity management (Section 7.4.4.1), more details are required to assess any potential impacts to the environment. The impact of storm runoff in contact with contaminated soils should be assessed in more detail to ensure it does not discharge to the natural environment and furthermore, how will the contaminated storm runoff be treated. What best management practices are to be employed?	Section 7.4.4.1	BMPs related to the management of stormwater are described in Appendix K.
Environment Canada -August 17, 2010		
Environment Canada will not be submitting any comments on the Draft EA report.	General comment	Comment acknowledged.
Toronto Hydro Electrical Systems Limited - Augu	ıst 6, 2010	
There are no issues of concern from Toronto Hydro subsequent to a review of the five points under the conceptual design for the DMNP and eight requirements of subsection 6.1(2) of the <i>EA Act</i> and the review of its attached CD.	Chapter 6, Appendices and Section 6.1 (2) of EA Act	Comments acknowledged.





Table 10-25 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report²

Comment	Section	Response
Standards and Policy is currently unable to provide any specifics on its proposed future overhead and underground plant for this major redevelopment of the region. From this conversation report's CD we have from its specific 'Draft EA Report' of July, 2010 noted under its section 3.4, subsection 3.4.9.4 a reference to Toronto Hydro underground electrical conduits measuring 2,080 metres for Lake Shore Boulevard (Don Roadway to Cherry Street), 200 metres for Cherry Street and 200 metres for Villiers Street. Should these figures changes, Standards and Policy would appreciated being advised.		Comments acknowledged.
Ontario Realty Corporation - September 28, 2010		
Potential Triggers Related to Ministry of Energy and Infrastructure's (MEI's) (now Infrastructure Ontario) Class EA: The alternative EA needs to fulfill the minimum criteria of the MEI Class EA. When evaluating an alternative EA there must be explicit reference to the corresponding undertaking in the MEI Class EA (e.g., if the proponent identifies the need to acquire land owned by MEI, then "acquisition of MEI-owned land", or similar statement, must be referenced in the EA document). Furthermore, sufficient levels of consultation with MEI's / ORC's specific stakeholders, such as the MNR, must be documented with the relevant information corresponding to MEI's / ORC's undertaking and the associated maps. In addition to archaeological and heritage reports, a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA), on ORC lands should also be incorporated into the alternative EA study. Deficiencies in any of these requirements could result in an inability to defer to the alternative EA study and require completing MEI's Class EA prior to commencement of the proposed undertaking.	General comment	The DMNP identifies the need to acquire property north of Lake Shore Boulevard that is owned by the Province of Ontario. However, the acquisition of Provincial property is not expected to take place within the next ten years. Therefore, there is no trigger of the MEI's Class EA at this time. In advance of property acquisition, the project proponent at that time will initiate the MEI Class EA and will fulfill the minimum criteria of the Class EA, including the seven point analysis described in the letter.
Toronto Port Authority – October 31, 2010		
The Project Study Area does not appear to be large enough to capture the promontories which have become part of the Project.	Chapter 2	The Project Study Area reflects the area in which alternatives were proposed. Any expansion of the Project Study Area is consistent with Section 5.2 of approved ToR. Chapter 7 (Detailed Assessment of the Preferred alternative) captures the effects associated with construction and establishment of the promontories.
Concerned with the lack of recognition of the ownership of the waterlots where the promontories are proposed. Although land ownership seems to have been addressed in general, the ownership of waterlots within the Keating Channel and the Inner Harbour have not been discussed.	Chapter 7	A description of waterlot ownership, including where the promontories are proposed within the Inner Harbour, has been added to Chapter 3 (Description of Potentially Affected Environment) and to Chapter 7.





Table 10-25 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2010 Draft EA Report²

Comment	Section	Response
In the consultation with landowners, there is no mention of discussion with the waterlot owner, TPA on the impacts of the project.	Chapter 10	Consultation with the TPA, including regarding impacts of the project, is described in Section 10.2.5.
It appears that the construction of the promontories will have material which will contain some level of contaminants.	Chapter 6	As referenced in Section 6.6.1, construction rubble that is considered suitable for lake filling as unconfined fill material under the MOE Fill Quality Guidelines will be used for the base of the promontories (i.e., approximately one metre above the normal lake water level). Soils that do not meet MOE Fill Quality Guidelines may be used for constructing the portion of the base above the high water mark based on the results for the RA/RM. Otherwise, soils will need to meet the applicable standards of O. Reg. 153/04 and O. Reg. 511/09.
The navigation risk analysis does not take into account finger piers which are contemplated as part of the East Bayfront Class EA Master Plan. Under this consideration and also the impact of mooring practices by Redpath, the turning circle proposed by Baird is inadequate with the proposed promontories.	Chapter 6	The finger piers that are contemplated as part of the East Bayfront Class EA Master Plan have no official status in terms of either <i>Planning Act</i> or Ontario <i>EA Act</i> approvals and were therefore not considered in the navigation risk analysis. The turning circles identified in the analysis meet TC's applicable design guidelines, TERMPOL Review Process (Transport Canada, 2001), and would meet the guidelines even if the proposed finger piers were present. Based on the feedback received from Redpath during the stakeholder interviews, the turning circles will also accommodate their current mooring practices.

10.1.4.3 Comments Received from Aboriginal Communities and Associations

Table 10-26 summarizes the comments received Aboriginal communities and associations and the responses provided to those comments.

Table 10-26 Disposition of Comments Received from Aboriginal Communities and Associations on the 2010 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
Toronto and York Region Métis Council of Métis	Nation of Ontario -	- September 20, 2010
Met with the Toronto and York Region Métis Council of MNO to provide an update on the status of the DMNP. A letter was sent by the Toronto and York Region Métis Council following the meeting indicating that if the DMNP were to proceed, there would be no immediate impacts to Métis rights, culture or Way of Life. The project has the potential to enhance the Métis Way of Life within the urban sector of Toronto under the stipulations that:	General comment	TRCA will continue to consult with MNO and the Council throughout the design process of the project and will regularly provide information regarding the project's schedule, EA benchmarks and any new project developments.
 The project proceeds as presented; The MNO and the Council are presented the opportunity to participate in the planning process for heritage and park design along with housing development; 		







Table 10-26 Disposition of Comments Received from Aboriginal Communities and Associations on the 2010 Draft EA Report

	Comment	Section	Response
	 TRCA regularly informs the MNO of the project's timeline, EA benchmarks and any new developments; 		
1	 Consultation with MNO continues to occur; and, 		
	 MNO and / or the Council may request additional project information or a meeting at any time. 		

10.2 Port Lands Acceleration Initiative (PLAI) Consultation Activities and Results (September 2011 – August 2012)

During the PLAI, the co-proponents conducted extensive community consultation. The activities and results of this consultation were recorded in the PLAI Consultation Process Summary Report which is attached in full in **Appendix Q-7**. This section of the Consultation Record chapter provides an overview of the PLAI Consultation Process Summary Report.

The PLAI Consultation Process was designed to engage the broader public as well as four key audiences, which were:

- City-wide businesses and organizations;
- · Local waterfront and city-wide community and resident organizations;
- Broader public-interest groups (e.g., environment, transportation and recreation); and,
- Local landowners, tenants and Port users.

A number of specific engagement mechanisms were employed including four rounds of public meetings and a social media and web-based information and input forum. A Stakeholder Advisory Committee (SAC) and a Landowners and User Advisory Committee (LUAC) each met five times over the course of the consultation process. In addition, the co-proponents held a series of one-on-one meetings with landowners, tenants and users.

The consultation process for the PLAI lasted nine months, beginning in December 2011 and running until August 2012. During this period, feedback from all engagement activities revolved around the river alignment, importance of green space, support for phasing the project, funding and financing development and infrastructure, the need for transit in the Port Lands and the importance of "locking in" plans for the Port Lands to prevent further revisiting of decisions and minimizing uncertainty in the area. This feedback contributed significantly to the amended design of the preferred alternative during the EA process.

10.3 Environmental Assessment Amendment Consultation Activities and Results (January 2013 – Spring 2014)

After Toronto City Council endorsed the PLAI, the Study Team consulted with the public, key stakeholders, government agencies and Aboriginal communities regarding Alternative 4WS Amended and the associated updates to effects and mitigation. This section provides a summary of the consultation that has occurred during the EA process after completion of the PLAI and introduction of Alternative 4WS Amended. Similar to **Section 10.1**, this section is subdivided as follows:

- Public Consultation Activities and Results (Section 10.3.1);
- Agency Consultation Activities and Results (Section 10.3.2); and,
- Aboriginal Consultation Activities and Results (Section 10.3.3).







10.3.1 **Public Consultation Activities and Results**

Public consultation for the DMNP after completion of the PLAI occurred in a variety of formats, including: the use and ongoing development of a mailing list; a final public forum; meetings with members of CLC; distribution of newsletters and flyers; the use of various web-based information about the project; and utilizing consultation processes for related projects to distribute information about the DMNP. This section outlines the public consultation activities and results that have occurred in support of the DMNP.

10.3.1.1 **Community Liaison Committee**

After the PLAI, many of the members from the previous DMNP CLC, the Lower Don Lands SAC and the LUAC participated with the CLC between January 2013 and Spring 2014. During this time the CLC consisted of representatives from the following groups:

- Building Industry and Land Development Association;
- Citizens for the Old Town;
- CodeBlue Toronto;
- Corktown Residents and Business Association;
- Cycle Toronto;
- Don Watershed Regeneration Council;
- East Toronto Community Coalition;
- Film OnGooderham and Worts Neighbourhood Association;
- Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation;
- Miziwe Biik;
- The Outdoor Harbour Sailing Federation;
- Port Lands Action Committee:
- St. Lawrence Neighbourhood Association;
- Toronto Green Community;
- Toronto Industry Network;
- Toronto Island Resident Association;

- Toronto Park People;
- Toronto Passenger Vessel Association
- Tourism Toronto;
- Urban Land Institute of Toronto;
- · West Don Lands Committee;
- Riverside Area Residents Association;
- Southeast Downtown Economic Redevelopment Initiative (SEDERI);
- Waterfront Action;
- Woodgreen Community Services;
- Toronto City Councillor Ward 28;
- Toronto City Councillor Ward 30;
- MPP Toronto Centre;
- MPP Toronto Danforth:
- MP Toronto Centre;
- MP Toronto Danforth; and,
- Several members of the public.

The Study Team held two meetings with the CLC on April 29, 2013 and July 4, 2013 which are summarized in Table 10-27. The meeting held on April 29, 2013 provided a summary of the result of the PLAI and an update of work completed since the DMNP was re-started, including updates to Alternative 4WS Amended. The meeting on July 4, 2013 confirmed the design for Alternative 4WS Amended and presented the results of the updated effects assessment. The presentations and minutes from these meetings are included in Appendix Q-2.





Table 10-27 Community Liaison Committee Meetings – January 2013 – Spring 2014

	Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
CLC April 29, 2013	 Recommendations for the public meeting by the CLC included: Provide more information about the PLAI. Be clear about why the changes to the EAs are needed and are beneficial. Clearly communicate how the phasing of flood protection and associated development has changed from what was last publicly shown at the PLAI. Be as clear as possible on the timing of phases, particularly the timing of the first phase. Clearly communicate where grade changes will take place and by how much the grade will be changed. Have more information on how the transit routes that are proposed in the LDL EAMP will connect to existing and future transit in the surrounding area. Show the existing conditions (e.g., street alignments, bridges, etc.) in the Port Lands and use them as a reference for discussing changes to the EAs. Refinements to specific graphics that could be updated to increase their clarity included: Clearly identify the study area. Make sure that the stormwater connection for the Keating Lands is not identified as being a part of the LDL EAMP (it is a part of the West Don Lands EA amendment process). 	Comments acknowledged.
CLC July 4, 2013	 A number of suggestions were made regarding opportunities to refine / enhance the presentation, including: Make visual refinements to the presentation. Use more common language. Emphasize the benefits on the DMNP to nonresidents of the Project Study Area. Emphasize how the DMNP will mitigate flooding in Leslieville. Mention that planning for the rest of the Port Lands will be undertaken as part of a separate EA process. Compare the amount of green space between the 2010 preferred alternative, the PLAI preferred alternative and the 2013 preferred alternative. 	Comments acknowledged.

10.3.1.2 July 24, 2013 Public Meeting

The Study Team held a final Public Meeting on July 24, 2013 to provide an update on the amendments to the DMNP that came from the PLAI and share thoughts on the refinements being considered. A notification of the Public Meeting was released on July 13, 2013 through the Toronto Star by TRCA and Waterfront Toronto. Ads for







the meeting were released through media outlets, Waterfront Toronto's public database, TRCA's DMNP public database and the CLC membership. The public meeting was also promoted via Waterfront Toronto's Twitter and Facebook pages which have over 6,200 'followers' and 1,900 'Likes', respectively.

The Public Meeting was held at the Toronto Fire Academy at 895 Eastern Avenue, Toronto from 6:00 PM to 9:00 PM. The meeting was attended by 125 participants, who generally supported the proposed amendments to the design of Alternative 4WS. Included in the Public Meeting agenda was a presentation with the proposed amendments, a question and answer period and a discussion worksheet that participants could submit with answers to the following three questions:

- What do you like about the updated plans?
- What don't you like about the updated plans?
- Do you have any suggested refinements?

Appendix Q-1 includes the materials that were presented at the Public Meeting as well as the Final Public Meeting Summary released on August 21, 2013. Table 10-28 summarizes the responses to the worksheet questions, as well as the discussion during the question and answer period. Only comments relevant to the DMNP are presented.

Table 10-28 July 24, 2013 Public Meeting

Public Issues and Comments Received	Consideration of Issues and Comments
 Concerns were raised about the configuration of development blocks, including that it: Will lead to denser development; Negatively affects the configuration of green space (i.e., that green space is totally separate from development blocks rather than interspersed between development blocks); and Looks duller than what was last proposed in 2010. 	Lower Don Lands planning and the Central Waterfront Secondary Plan will direct the built form and densities and adjacent land uses within the area, including issues related to the footprint and amount of green space. The concept avoids most heritage buildings / sites and private property owners. Aesthetic value of proposed development will be part of the precinct planning exercise.
Concerns were raised about the placement of the dedicated streetcar right-of-way (ROW) on one side rather than in the middle of the road on Commissioners Street and Cherry Street. Some participants felt that this would create conflicts with other forms of transportation and would make it more difficult to provide for future transit connections.	Comment acknowledged.
 Suggested refinements to the proposed amendments included: Add a pedestrian bridge across the river between the Commissioners Street and Basin Street bridges to help increase connectivity between buildings; Consider iconic and / or commemorative designs for the new bridges; Provide measures (e.g., certain types of vegetation) to help protect wildlife that is being attracted to the area from vehicular traffic on roads that will be adjacent to habitat areas in the spillway and river mouth; Consider negotiating a land swap in the future between the City and Lafarge to help the relocate their existing plant; Promote stunning architecture in the Port Lands through design competitions. This could produce the same level of creativity in built form as has been done with the landscape; and Consider higher development charges to reduce the total amount of development required to help fund infrastructure and flood protection. 	Comments acknowledged.







10.3.1.3 Newsletters

Project newsletters were issued to the project mailing list to communicate technical information, provide notification of upcoming public meetings and events, and to provide project updates when key milestones were reached. During this period of the DMNP consultation, two editions of the "DMNP News" newsletter were published. Edition #9 was released in February 2013 on the TRCA website to outline the outcomes of the PLAI and next steps for the DMNP. Two hundred hard copies of Edition #10 of the "DMNP News" newsletter were made available at the July 24 PIC, with an addition two hundred copies handed out at a number of other public events associated with the Port Lands. Soft copy distribution of Edition #10 each of the "DMNP News" newsletter was also available for download from TRCA Project website. Notifications where both editions of the newsletter could be downloaded from were sent to the project email distribution list which included over 650 members of the public, stakeholder groups, government agencies and Aboriginal groups. Additionally, Waterfront Toronto released the newsletter approximately to 6,600 people on their email distribution lists. Copies of the newsletters can be found in **Appendix Q-3**.

Waterfront Toronto also published online newsletters on their website regarding their activities along the Toronto waterfront. The July 2013 newsletter included the post-event details regarding the joint Public Meeting for the DMNP and Lower Don Lands held on July 24, 2013.

10.3.2 Agency / Landowner Consultation Activities and Results

The Study Team continued an extensive agency and landowner consultation throughout the EA amendment phase. Individual agency and landowner meetings that occurred after the PLAI are included in Table 10-29. Refer to Appendix Q-4 for copies of meeting minutes and materials.

Table 10-29 Consultation with Agencies and Landowners

Agency / Landowner Details	Date	Topics Covered
TPA	April 3, 2013	 The Study Team provided TPA with an overview of the work being undertaken for the Port Lands Planning Framework. TPA gave a summary of the activities in the Port and its significance locally and globally. TPA expressed their concerns and technical requirements for the DMNP including: The continued need for a railway spur in the Port Lands; Flow velocities that permit ship mooring; The need for a lift bridge crossing the Don Roadway; and, The need for easy truck access to the Toronto Port from the Don Valley Parkway.
Lafarge	May 2, 2013	 Lafarge representatives led a tour of the Lafarge Port Lands Cement Terminal explaining: The significance of the facility in Ontario and the GTA; The operational details (i.e., hours, potential effects of operations on future adjacent land uses); Docking procedures and constraints (i.e., river flows, dockwall conditions, debris); and, Truck traffic leaving the terminal and Commissioners Street facility Lafarge requires that the road network design accounts for and accommodates trucking activity for terminal and Commissioners Street facility. Representatives stated that planning for future adjacent land uses needs to address noise from silo operations. Technical and operational input by Lafarge should be included in wording of the DMNP pertaining to outlet flow management.





Consultation with Agencies and Landowners Table 10-29

Agency / Landowner Details	Date	Topics Covered
АНТ	June 6, 2013	 Discussed the summary of changes to the DMNP process and proposed design and budget. TRCA has new information on the fish in the harbour. AHT can help to update the fish section in the DMNP.
HONI	June 13, 2013	 Discussed the summary of changes to the DMNP process and proposed design and budget. The Study Team would like to understand the engineering cost from HONI's perspective. Detailed design input would be better suited during the precinct planning process. Discussed impacts on HONI infrastructure, including hydro towers, circuits along bridges and switchyard, due to the DMNP. HONI to provide Study Team with cost estimates of potential design concepts to accommodate DMNP.
Redpath Sugar	June 14, 2013	 Discussed the summary of changes to the DMNP process and proposed design and budget. Redpath described their current operations, including truck traffic locations and frequency. Redpath requires truck access to Pier 51 and Pier 52, as well as the ability to moor ships during the winter with access for unloading. The Redpath plant currently uses water from the harbour for cooling the plant. Water quality should not be an issue as sediment management occurs upstream.
First Gulf	June 18, 2013	 Discussed the summary of changes to the DMNP process and proposed design and budget. First Gulf expressed the future plans including: A design competition for a Master Plan process; A proposal for an OPA that includes 50 acres of land of land in the area bounded by Booth Street in the east to Don Roadway in the west and from the CN embankment north to Keating Yard in the south; and, Working with the City and Waterfront Toronto on Gardiner EA process to consider additional connections to the potential realignments of the Gardiner and Lake Shore Boulevard. Discussed the configuration of the FPL proposed on the 21 Don Roadway site. Discussed the configuration of the VWF proposed in the area south of Lake Shore Boulevard to the Ship Channel. 21 Don Roadway should be connected with higher order transit (i.e., Light Rail Transit (LRT) along Broadview Avenue from the north of the CN embankment). Under a Regulatory event, water will pond along the north side of the CN Embankment. However, there may be opportunities to provide grading on the south side of the CN embankment for any future LRT link on Broadview Avenue that would prevent water from flowing out of or past the CN embankment grade-separation area. The City is undertaking development of City-wide and Area-specific Development Charge by-laws that will reflect costs to First Gulf during Phase 2 more specifically. First Gulf possesses concepts for a new bridge crossing over the Don River from the First Gulf site, north of Lake Shore. They are aware of the need for sediment and debris management in this area for the DMNP.





Consultation with Agencies and Landowners Table 10-29

Agency / Landowner Details	Date	Topics Covered
TPA	June 24, 2013	 Discussed the summary of changes to the DMNP process and proposed design and budget. The description of changes was mainly focused on those affecting the TPA's operations within the Inner Harbour. Discussed TPA concerns: Sediment and debris management was raised as a priority. Outstanding concerns in regard to sediment in the Polson Slip causing issues with depth, the velocities at the river mouth and in the Ship Channel during flood events, and the debris in the Inner Harbour following major storms. TPA predicts issues with access and traffic flow to development south of the river due to frequency of repairs to Cherry Street Ship Channel Bridge. Concerned about the impact of climate change on water levels and if this has been accounted for in the DMNP design. The co-proponents confirmed that the new river valley system design accounts for future water level changes. TPA to provide feedback on future needs for the TPA works yard. Past concerns about the loss of dockwall and loss of navigation in Inner Harbour due to new promontories was satisfied by the removal of promontories in the amended design.
Toronto Public Utilities Co- ordinating Committee (TPUCC)	June 26, 2013	 Provided an update on the DMNP and LDL EAMP as well as a detailed description of the updated flood protection phasing. Members of TPUCC had questions pertaining to funding and timing of construction and if Waterfront Toronto will be the lead proponent for the construction phase.
Lafarge	July 11, 2013	 Discussed the summary of changes to the DMNP process and proposed design and budget. The description of changes was mainly focused on those affecting the Lafarge site. Discussed the new phasing strategy and explained how development in Phases 1 and 2 will provide funding for flood protection work required in the subsequent phases. Described the process of raising elevations around the Lafarge site while ensuring there is no increased flood risk on the site. Lafarge wants policies that will protect its site from adjacent development and potential issues. The Polson Quay Precinct Plan will reflect Lafarge's ability to continue operating in the Port Lands. The Lafarge property is not critical for flood protection measures and it is designated 'regeneration area' allowing various different uses once operations are discontinued. The site will show as black-on-gray on the Phase 4 design map to denote future development potential. Access to the Lafarge site through Phases 1-3 will be addressed through this EA as well as the precinct planning process.
Landowners Group	July 25, 2013	 Provided an update on the DMNP and LDL EAMP as well as a detailed description of the updated flood protection phasing. Concerns expressed over the need for an area-specific development charge and the area which it would apply. Landowners requested clarification on how charges would be determined (i.e., based on land area or unit type and count). Concern over who would provide funding for elevation changes required to protect private lands. The Study Team explained that these grade adjustments would have to be paid for by landowners.







Table 10-29 Consultation with Agencies and Landowners

Agency / Landowner Details	Date	Topics Covered
		 Townsend and Associates (on behalf of Port Lands landowners and leaseholders) provided a letter to the City of Toronto Executive Committee following the meeting, which: Recommended that the cost of flood protection be applied to city-wide development charges and no area specific development charge by-law be applied; and, That the group will not currently discuss potential financial contributions towards infrastructure.
TPLC	July 30, 2013	 Discussed the summary of changes to the DMNP process and proposed design and budget. Study Team provided details on proposed flood protection and elevation work pertaining to the valley wall feature (VWF) and re-grading for contamination purposes DMNP will use the same process as the initial EA to deal with amendments of various scales. Study Team provided TPLC with estimated timing on when development will begin within the different phase areas. TPLC described the process for their lessees to re-zone their properties.
TPA	September 18, 2013	 Study Team provided presentation highlighting the project status, Alternative 4WS Amended, and the expected effects to the TPA. Discussed concerns regarding the Keating Channel bridge and dredging in the channel. Discussed effects of project on dockwalls and mooring
Redpath Sugar	September 20, 2013	 Provided Redpath Sugar with an update on the DMNP and discussed potential effects on their operations. Discussed project timing and financing. Redpath expressed concerns regarding water quality and the use of the harbour during construction and in the future. Redpath feels that all initial issues have been addressed.
HONI	September 20, 2013	 Provided HONI with an update on the DMNP and discussed possible options for relocating / modifying existing HONI network in Project Study Area. Discussed existing HONI infrastructure in the Project Study Area and potential impacts of the DMNP. DMNP should include a commitment to continue consultation with HONI following EA approval to resolve issues.
Lafarge	October 15, 2013	 Provided Lafarge with an update on the DMNP and discussed potential effects on their operations. Lafarge will have access to real-time stream gauge information and weather forecasts so that they will be able to ensure their ships can berth prior to leaving other ports. May also explore opportunities to install flow deflection structures to the east of Lafarge docks to divert flows away from the south dockwall. Lafarge is concerned about noise, Port security, public safety and traffic on Cherry Street, specifically: Lafarge is responsible for maintaining security of their dockwall until they decide to change land uses; The Lower Don Lands work potentially increases the risk to the public that accesses Cherry Street and Polson Street as Lafarge's trucks turn onto Cherry Street; and, Increased periodic traffic use on Cherry by the TPA, and the significant increase in pedestrians on the road during the Cirque du Soleil in the Port Lands.







Consultation with Agencies and Landowners Table 10-29

Agency / Landowner Details	Date	Topics Covered
		 It is assumed that Phase 4 would only proceed when operations at the Lafarge plant cease and intensification efforts are desired by the parties involved. The DMNP will be submitted in late 2013 and EA approvals will take approximately nine months in total. Status of Precinct Plans: Cousins Quay Precinct Planning and the Port Lands Framework studies are underway. The Class EA in support of the rest of the Port Lands will proceed in October / November; Polson Quay Precinct Plan will proceed at a later date; City of Toronto and Waterfront Toronto remain co-leads on the PLAI planning initiatives and amendments to the Secondary Plan; and, A comprehensive OPA will proceed later in 2014.
MMAH / MNR	October 23, 2013	 Provided an overview of the updates to the DMNP. Confirmed that the MMAH had no concerns with the phased approach for the preferred alternative presented in the DMNP Amendment.
HONI	November 27, 2013	 Provided HONI with an update on the DMNP and discussed possible options for relocating / modifying existing HONI network in Project Study Area. Reviewed the four phases of the project and the ten-year Development Charge planning horizon. HONI provided description of their existing network in the project area including overhead towers and wires, underground cables and infrastructure water crossings. Provided detailed description of the implications on HONI's network and recommendations for removal and / or relocation of specific infrastructure. HONI suggested two different approaches to dealing with their infrastructure and the impacts of the DMNP: Piecemeal – to mitigate only those direct effects on HONI infrastructure due to the DMNP Comprehensive – to tunnel or bury all circuits in Port Lands as part of a strategic direction for the Revitalization of the Waterfront HONI described the feasibility and timeline of each of these potential approaches. It was recommended that TRCA, Waterfront Toronto and the City of Toronto draft a scope of work for HONI to undertake a Feasibility Study by the Spring of 2014.
Windsor Salt	December 12, 2013	 The operations of Windsor Salt were described, including capacity, transportation, shipping season, use of dockwalls and storage, Windsor Salt raised concerns about: The location of the Greenway on south side of Ship Channel as shown in the Central Waterfront Secondary Plan, which is in the middle of Windsor Salt's stockpiles; The location of the Don Roadway Bridge crossing as shown in the Central Waterfront Secondary Plan. Windsor Salt would like to see bridge further to the east, if possible; Potential levels of sedimentation in Inner Harbour at the new location of the Don River Mouth where Windsor Salt's ships maneuver before entering Ship Channel; Transport Canada Port Security Rules mandate that their shipping yard be kept absolutely safe, especially during vessel interface. No outsiders are allowed on site during vessel discharge. For safety reasons the public must be kept away at all times, as large machinery is operated on site; and, Relocation options for Windsor Salt operations are limited at the Port Lands.







Consultation with Agencies and Landowners Table 10-29

Agency / Landowner Details	Date	Topics Covered
		 The concerns noted above are addressed in the DMNP EA as follows: The Port Lands Planning Framework & Transportation and Servicing Master Plan process explores many alternatives for the road and bridge crossings and the Greenway. The DMNP EA does not address those features. The proposed works in the Unwin Avenue area will take place within 30 to 50 years, though the Don Roadway bridge may occur prior to that. The bridge would be a lift bridge. A sediment and debris management facility is being proposed north of Lake Shore Boulevard and additional maintenance opportunities remain in the Keating Channel. Following completion, sediment management will be more comprehensive than what currently exists. A commitment in the DMNP EA is to conduct periodic monitoring of the Inner Harbour bathymetry to confirm if management is proceeding as anticipated.
HONI	January 13, 2014	 There are four overhead circuits and two underground circuits along Villiers Street south of Lake Shore Boulevard. There are also four underground circuits north of Lake Shore Boulevard. Potential issues related to converting four circuits on the utility bridge from overhead to underground were also discussed. Three options were identified for the utility bridge relocation: Directional bore four circuits under river combined with removing the bridge and abutments; Modify utility bridge (new or extending the existing); and, Convert the four circuits into overhead lines from intersection of Lake Shore Boulevard and Don Roadway to substation on west bank of river south of CN crossing. The challenge with extending the existing bridge is maintaining service during work. HONI and the community cannot afford outages given area being served. It is not possible to accommodate four underground circuits on current towers - new towers would be required. Different types of towers can be used to minimize their visual impact. A general consideration for underground circuits is where they come up as the tower requires more land. Benefit of overhead tower option is that it eliminates underground circuits along Don Roadway and Gardiner Expressway ramps, which may assist with the FPL on the 21 Don Roadway property (former Unilever site) and implementation of Gardiner EA. Other technical challenges to be considered include "Gardiner EA" and Toronto Water Don River and Central Waterfront Master Plan (the CSO tunnels and shafts proposed in the area to address stormwater run-off). The Enbridge Gas line north of Lake Shore Boulevard at Don Roadway is a major issue. HONI to look into the feasibility of the options discussed.
GO Transit	February 6, 2014	 Provided an update on the DMNP EA. Identified that little has changed in proximity to GO Transit infrastructure in the amendment of the DMNP EA since 2010. Identified key concerns raised by GO Transit regarding original EA, related to proposed urban development in 480 Lake Shore Boulevards to their GO Transit Yard and access road issues between the proposed sediment management area for DMNP EA and their GO Transit Yard at the Don River. Identified proposed considerations for sediment management in amended DMNP EA regarding potential for dewatering north of Lake Shore Boulevard, including possible use of the spur line to the Port Lands or Wilson Yard for possible transport of dredged sand.







Table 10-29 Consultation with Agencies and Landowners

Agency / Landowner Details	Date	Topics Covered
		 Possible need for conducting hydraulic dredging under the Kingston Subdivision Bridge in the future to maximize hydraulic conveyance through the bridge. Reviewed past consultation efforts with GO Transit regarding the Lower Don River West Remedial Flood Protection Project Class EA, which removed the risk of flooding to the west of the Don River. This included a review of options to determine whether opportunities were available to reduce the risk of flooding to GO Transit's Bala Subdivision in proximity of the West Don Lands. It was determined that the tracks were currently at their maximum allowable elevation for clearance purposes under all of the City Bridge crossings over the tracks / Don River. GO Transit infrastructure: Owns the whole Kingston Subdivision Crossing over the Don River and the Bala Subdivision along the west side of the Don River; and, Interested in acquiring TPLC's Wilson Yard, Keating Yard and 480 Lake Shore Blvd.

Following the PLAI, members of the LUAC consisted of representatives from the following groups:

- 3C / Pinewood;
- 419799 Ontario Limited (Boothshore Investments);
- Addison Auto Exchange;
- Aird & Berlis for 3C Lakeshore;
- Build Toronto;
- Canadian Salt;
- Canadian Tire Corporation;
- Canroof Corporation Inc.;
- · Cargill Salt;
- · Cherry Beach Sound;
- Cinespace Film Studios;
- · City of Toronto Real Estate;
- Cliffside Pipelayers Ltd.;
- Corus Entertainment Inc.;
- DNM Lock-Block Ltd.;
- Dufferin Concrete;
- Energy Innovation Corp.;
- · Essroc Italcementi;
- First Gulf Corporation Colliers;
- Greyhound Canada Transportation Corporation;
- HONI;
- Infrastructure Ontario;
- Intelligarde International Inc.;
- · J Company Holding & Investment;
- Johnston Litavski Ltd.;
- Lafarge Canada Inc.;
- Mayfair Clubs;
- McGregor Industries Inc.;
- MCW Custom Energy Solutions;
- Metro Toronto Convention Centre;

- MLSE:
- National Rubber Technologies;
- Ontario Power Generation;
- P.S. Productions Services Ltd.;
- Port Lands Landowner Group;
- Redpath Sugar Ltd.;
- Rideau Bulk Terminals;
- Rogers Communications Inc.;
- Rose Corporation;
- · Showline and Harbourside Studios;
- Sifto Canada Corp.;
- St. Marys Cement Inc. (Canada);
- Strada Aggregates:
- Studios of America;
- · Telesat Canada;
- · The Cannington Group;
- The Docks;
- The Waterford Group;
- Toromont Industries Limited c.o.b. Cimco Refrigeration;
- Toronto Film Studios;
- · Toronto Fire Fighters;
- Toronto Hydro-Electric System;
- · Toronto Terminals Railway Company;
- Toronto Waterfront Studios Development Inc.;
- TPA;
- TPLC;
- Tribal Partners;
- Turtle Island Recycling Co.; and,
- Unit Park.









A meeting with the LUAC was held on July 4, 2013 to coincide with the CLC meeting on the same date. The same material was presented to the LUAC and CLC. The purpose of the meeting was to present the changes to the DMNP and the LDL EAMP prior to submission to the MOE. The LUAC was generally supportive of the proposed changes and provided input that could be incorporated into the presentation for the July 24, 2013 Public Meeting. The main concerns expressed by the LUAC included the number of new bridges shown over the Ship Channel and how access would be maintained for existing businesses during bridge and road construction. Questions of clarification that were asked pertained to flood protection, parks and open space, phasing, transportation, land use, heritage and environmental management. Refer to **Appendix Q-4** for a summary of the LUAC meeting and materials.

10.3.3 Aboriginal Consultation Activities and Results

TRCA, City of Toronto and Waterfront Toronto staff met with representatives from the Williams Treaty First Nations on August 28, 2013 to discuss the amendments being made to the DMNP and the LDL EAMP. The meeting was attended by representatives from the Mississaugas of Scugog Island, Curve Lake, Alderville and Hiawatha First Nations. Discussions revolved around archaeological studies that have been and will be undertaken, effects of contaminated soils on the naturalized river and future planning. It was noted that the DMNP attempts to reestablish natural functions that were lost in the Project Study Area, provide areas for meadows and wetlands and encourage wildlife to return to the Toronto Central Waterfront. An overview of the Williams Treaty Specific Claim details was provided involving geography, the details of the Claim and status of the legal process. **Appendix Q-6** provides a copy of the presentation and meeting summary.

In addition, Aboriginal communities and associations that were contacted during the DMNP amendment process includes:

- Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation;
- Miziwe Biik;
- Alderville First Nation;
- Curve Lake First Nation;
- Anishnabek Nation;
- Chippewas of Georgina Island First Nation;
- Chippewas of Mnjikaning First Nation (Rama First Nation);
- Ogemawhj Nation;
- Association of Iroquois and Allied First Nations;

- Kawartha Nishnawbe First Nation;
- Conseil de la Nation Huronne-Wendat (Huron Wendat First Nation);
- Hiawatha First Nation;
- Chiefs of Ontario;
- Mississaugas of Scugog Island First Nation;
- Chippewas of Beausoleil First Nation;
- Toronto and York Region Métis Council;
- · Métis Nation of Ontario; and,
- Native Canadian Centre.

A newsletter regarding the DMNP was distributed in February 2013. In addition, an update letter was sent on June 21, 2013, a Notice of Public Meeting was distributed on July 11, 2013 and a Draft Public Meeting Summary was distributed on August 29, 2013.

10.3.4 Summary of Issues and Responses (January 2013 – Spring 2014)

Table 10-30 summarizes the key issues raised by the public, agencies and stakeholders and Aboriginal associations and alliances through the consultation activities described in this section.





Summary of Comments Received and Responses Provided (January 2013 – Spring 2014) **Table 10-30**

Issue	Stakeholder Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
Public Meetings	 CLC comments related to the Public Meeting presentation included recommendations to: Provide more information about the PLAI; Provide more information about the transit connections proposed in the LDL EAMP; Clearly communicate the changes to the EA including phasing, flood protection and grade changes, and explain why the changes are needed and beneficial; Clearly identify the Project Study Area; and, Compare the amount of green space and flood protection between the 2010 preferred alternative, and the 2013 preferred alternative. 	 Requests to change the presentation were undertaken and many of the recommendations were incorporated into the Public Meeting presentation including: More emphasis that Lower Don Lands and DMNP processes are complementary to one another, rather than compromising each other; and, An overview image that explained how DMNP and LDL EAMP fit within context of Central Waterfront projects.
Funding and Implementation of the DMNP	Suggestion to consider higher development charges to reduce the amount of development needed to fund infrastructure and flood protection.	Efforts to secure funding for implementation of the DMNP is an ongoing issue for the project proponents and continued public support for the
	Request for clarification on how development charges would be determined (i.e., based on land area or unit type and count) and how these funds would be allocated the aspects of the DMNP.	project will be instrumental.
	Recommendation that the cost of flood protection be funded by city wide development charges and that no area specific development charge by-law be applied.	
Adjacent Land Uses	Concerns regarding the configuration of development blocks including that they will lead to denser development and negatively affect the configuration of green space (i.e., green space will be separated from development blocks rather than interspersed).	
	Planning for future adjacent land uses needs to address potential noise from industrial uses that remain in the area.	Compatibility of planned and existing land uses will be examined during precinct planning.
	Concerns regarding public safety with increased pedestrians and truck traffic.	Compatibility of planned and existing land uses will be examined in the future during future precinct planning processes.
	What is the status of the Precinct Planning processes?	 Cousins Quay Precinct Planning and the Port Lands Framework studies are underway. The Class EA in support of the rest of the Port Lands will proceed in October / November; Polson Quay Precinct Plan will proceed at a later date; City of Toronto and Waterfront Toronto remain co-leads on the PLAI planning initiatives and amendments to the Secondary Plan; and, A comprehensive OPA will proceed later in 2014.







Table 10-30 Summary of Comments Received and Responses Provided (January 2013 – Spring 2014)

Issue	Stakeholder Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
Environmental Protection	Need to plan for climate change impacts on water levels.	The new river valley system design accounts for future water level changes and climate change has been considered in the assessment of impacts on conveyance and ecological concerns. In addition, the DMNP incorporates an Adaptive Environmental Management program to facilitate adjustments to project components that will mitigate the impact of external influences such as climate change.
	Suggestion to include wildlife protection measures from vehicular traffic around roads proposed in naturalized areas.	Strategies for wildlife protection through the selection and use of vegetation buffers will be explored in the future during detailed design to impede wildlife from crossing right-of-ways.
Potential Effects on Landowners and Other Properties	o o	Alternative access and re-routing signage to businesses as required will be provided.
Sedimentation	Concern over sediment affecting water intake of industrial facilities in the Inner Harbour.	Water quality will not be an issue for facilities with water intake infrastructure along the north dockwall of the in the Inner Harbour since sediment management will continue to occur, and the majority of flows will be directed through the naturalized mouth of the Don, south of the Keating Channel (i.e., further away from the north dockwall intakes).
	Concerns about sedimentation in Inner Harbour at new location of the Don River Mouth where ships maneuver.	 A sediment and debris management facility is being proposed north of Lake Shore Boulevard and additional maintenance opportunities remain in the Keating Channel. Following completion, sediment management will be more comprehensive than currently exists. A commitment in the DMNP EA is to conduct periodic monitoring of the Inner Harbour bathymetry to confirm if sediment management is proceeding as anticipated.
Navigation / Safety	Concerns regarding the impact on ship mooring from increased flow velocities in the Inner Harbour and sediment in the Polson Slip.	 Design elements have been incorporated including: Primary sediment management will occur north of Lake Shore Boulevard. Residual sediment deposition in Polson Slip may still occur over time, requiring periodic dredging of the slip; and, At the detailed design stage, the Study Team can explore further opportunities to install a flow deflector east of the Lafarge mooring at Phase 3. Those interested in using the dockwalls of the Polson Slip and Ship Channel for shipping activities will be provided with access to TRCA's real-time stream gauge information and weather forecasts.







Table 10-30 Summary of Comments Received and Responses Provided (January 2013 – Spring 2014)

Issue	Stakeholder Comments Received	Consideration of Comments
	Concerned about the frequency of flooding to the Ship Channel.	This risk will be minimized by limiting floods to the Ship Channel to at least the 25 to 50 year event. In addition, TPA was placed on TRCA's flood warning system to ensure that ships are at anchor in the Inner Harbour prior to flood events.
	 Habitat structures proposed for the Don Narrows should avoid the thalweg. 	Comment acknowledged.
Flooding	 Concerns raised over flooding associated with lands that are not included in initial raising of grades. 	Phasing has been incorporated to ensure that no increase in flood risk occurs to areas remaining within the floodplain.
Infrastructure	 Need for iconic architectural design of infrastructure and bridges throughout the Port Lands. 	Comment acknowledged.
	 The TPA expressed the need for specific infrastructure including; a lift bridge crossing the Don Roadway, a railway spur to the Toronto Port, and easy truck access to the Toronto Port from the Don Valley Parkway. 	Comment acknowledged.
	 Need for the road network design to account for and accommodate trucking activity 	Comment acknowledged.
	 HONI identified impacts to their infrastructure (i.e., hydro towers, circuits along bridges, and switchyard) due to the DMNP. 	The Study Team is committed to continuing consultation with HONI following EA approval to resolve specific infrastructure issues.
	Windsor Salt's operations may be impacted by the Greenway on the south side of the Ship Channel and Don Roadway bridge crossing.	The Port Lands Planning Framework & Transportation and Servicing Master Plan process explores many alternatives for the road and bridge crossings and the Greenway. The DMNP EA does not address those features.
	Concern over the number of bridges being proposed over the Ship Channel and how access would be maintained during bridge and road construction.	Planning for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel is outside of the Project Study Area for the DMNP. Future planning processes will be undertaken to develop a concept plan for the Greenway south of the Ship Channel by Waterfront Toronto.
	Suggestion to add a pedestrian bridge across the river between the Commissioners Street and Basin Street bridges to help increase connectivity to development blocks.	As part of the DMNP, a conceptual pedestrian and bicycle trail system has been proposed within the new river valley floodplain adjacent to the low flow channel. A final trail system will be developed during detailed design.
	21 Don Roadway should be connected with higher order transit (i.e., Light Rail Transit (LRT) along Broadview Avenue from the north of the CN embankment).	Under a Regulatory event, water will pond along the north side of the CN Embankment. Opening an additional passage through the embankment would potentially eliminate flood protection efforts for the Port Lands. However, there may be opportunities to meet the needs of transit and still provide required flood protection through continued co-ordination with other planning initiatives.







10.3.5 Review of 2013 Draft EA Report

A Draft EA report was submitted to the MOE for review in December, 2013. The 2013 Draft EA report was also circulated to the following members of the Government Review Team and other stakeholders:

- Bell Canada;
- CEA Agency;
- City of Toronto;
- Enbridge Gas Distribution Inc.;
- Environment Canada;
- Enwave District Energy Limited;
- DFO:
- GO Transit;
- Health Canada:
- HONI;
- Indian and Northern Affairs Canada:

- Local Councillors, MPs and MPPs;
- Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs;
- Ministry of Economic Development, Trade and Employment (MEDTE);
- Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport (MTCS);
- MNR;
- Infrastructure Ontario;
- Rogers Cable;
- Toronto Hydro Corporation;
- TPA; and,
- TC.

The 2013 Draft EA Report was also circulated to the CLC, Aboriginal communities and members of the public that were on the Project's distribution list. All of the comments received during this period and necessary responses can be found in their entirety in Appendix Q-8.

10.3.5.1 Comments Received from Public and Other Stakeholders

Table 10-31 summarizes the comments received from public and other stakeholders and the responses provided to those comments.

Table 10-31 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public / Stakeholders on the 2013 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response	
CastlePoint Numa (Elsa Fancello) – February 5, 2014			
On behalf of Castlepoint Numa, we are very supportive of the Don Mouth Naturalization and Port Lands Flood Protection Project (DMNP) and specifically Alternative 4WS proposal.	General comment	Comment acknowledged.	
John Wilson – February 7, 2014			
There are opportunities for synergies between the DMNP and other nearby initiatives. If these are documented at the outset of DMNP implementation there may be positive outcomes beyond the scope of any single initiative, but if not recognized they may be opportunities lost. 1. Naturalization at the sediment and debris management zone	General comment	moving forward into detailed design. Throughout the preparation of the EA, the Study Team has worked alongside teams from other planning processes underway in the Project Study Area to ensure the DMNP is effectively integrated into their processes. These planning initiatives are described Chapters 1 and 3 of the EA. As the project moves forward, the Study Team will continue to work with other project	
A. The Don River and Central Waterfront Project being undertaken by Toronto Water will construct and wet weather flow storage shaft approximately		teams to ensure that the goals and objectives of the DMNP are maintained – including making a more natural river mouth form that has improved aquatic and	
30 meters in circumference in close proximity to the sediment and debris management operations area		terrestrial habitat as well as the development of new recreational opportunities in the area, including	







Table 10-31 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public / Stakeholders on the 2013 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
of the Don River sediment trap, just south of the CN Rail bridge. There may be a potential risk of cumulative detriment to the habitat corridor and fish migration functions through doubling the infrastructure "load" (1 sediment management, 2 WWF management) at a narrow "pinch point" connecting the new Don Mouth with the Don Narrows.		walking and cycling trails. As referenced in in Section 8.2.3, Table 8-2 and in Section 10.4, the Study Team is committed to further consultation with the community and stakeholders during detailed design and construction, including the opportunity to review and provide feedback on future design and construction plans.
Conversely, care should be exercised to coordinate the projects to minimize the natural environment impacts and optimize habitat functions that can be incorporated opportunistically in the two project areas. For instance, it may be possible to incorporate habitat features into the designs and take advantage of small, secluded areas for thickets, hedgerows or fish habitat structures that double as security barriers or other functional components.		
B. Similarly, these two uses together could cumulatively impair the natural experience of trail users passing nearby on the Lower Don Trail or the Lake Shore Boulevard Pathway. Care should be taken to landscape the sediment operations area and WWF facility naturalistically (as far as functionality will allow) to minimize visual, noise, and nuisance effects on trail users.		
2. The Lower Don Trail Gateway		
The trail connections between Lower Don Trail, Lake Shore Pathway and Waterfront (Martin Goodman) Trail will be significantly altered. The DMNP can identify an opportunity to coordinate with the Gardiner Expressway East planning process and the Lower Don Infrastructure EA implementation to improve this connection.		
The construction of the sediment trap will require the removal of the bike/pedestrian bridge that currently connects the Lake Shore Pathway to the Lower Don Trail across the Don River. The Lake Shore trail is now proposed to cross the Don River on the south side of the new five-span vehicular and rail bridge. This relocation may create an awkward link between the two paths, requiring Lake Shore Path travelers to cross Lake Shore vehicular lanes twice to reach the Lower Don Trail. This condition should be avoided.		
The integration of the DMNP, the Gardiner East process and the Lower Don Lands Infrastructure plans should promote improved connectivity for active travellers on these trails and create a "gateway" to the Lower Don.		







Table 10-31 Disposition of Comments Received from the Public / Stakeholders on the 2013 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
3. Augmenting Terrestrial Habitat Zones In the naturalized area through Reaches 2, 3, 3a and 4, the four hectares of terrestrial habitat has remained as a long, thin strip of valley slope transition at the crest of the floodplain. It is so thin that it is unclear how much habitat value it will provide by itself. The quality of terrestrial habitat may be ameliorated if synergistic opportunities between DMNP and Precinct Planning activities is identified at the outset.		
A longstanding goal of naturalizing the Don Mouth has been to create a habitat link between the Tommy Thompson Park Important Bird Area and the Don Valley. This eventually links Lake Ontario to the extensive bird nesting areas on the Oak Ridges Moraine and the Canadian boreal forest. Acknowledging this opportunity, Lower Don Lands Precinct Planning may be undertaken with parkland design that complements the four hectare terrestrial habitat strip proposed in this EA. Furthermore, in built areas of all Port Lands Precinct Plans, bird-friendliness standards of the city's Green Standard can be set aggressively high to require compliance with standards that elsewhere in the city are considered "voluntary". With respect to Toronto's Bird Friendly Development Rating system, in the Port Lands precincts, development standards should move beyond the "Minimum" to the "Preferred" and "Excellent" levels.		
4. Fish Habitat Optimization		
The extensive and welcome fish habitat commitments in the DMNP should be coordinated and optimized with the Toronto and Area Waterfront Fish Management Plan currently being undertaken by Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Toronto and Region Conservation Authority.		
I suspect that many, if not all, of these opportunities have been identified. Documenting them in the DMNP in some way would help to ensure that project managers keep these synergies at top-of-mind during the implementation of the DMNP and each of the identified projects nearby.		

Comments Received from Review Agencies 10.3.5.2

Table 10-32 below summarizes the comments received regarding the 2013 Draft EA Report from review agencies and the responses to those comments.







Table 10-32 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2013 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
HONI (Cyprus Elmpak-Mackie) – December 16, 20	013	
In our initial review, we have <u>confirmed</u> that Hydro One Transmission facilities are located within immediate vicinity of the proposed site in your study area. Please allow appropriate lead-time in your project schedule in the event that proposed development impacts Hydro One infrastructure which requires relocation or modifications, or needs an outage, that may not be readily available.		Throughout the preparation of the EA, the Study Team consulted with HONI regarding potential effects of the project on HONI infrastructure and integrated their suggested mitigation measures in the EA, as detailed in Section 7.3.4 . Moving forward, the Study Team has committed to further consultation with HONI as the DMNP design and construction process progresses (Chapter 8, Table 8-2).
In planning, please note that developments should not reduce line clearances and limit access to our facilities at any time in the study area of your Proposal. Any construction activities must maintain the electrical clearance from the transmission line conductors as specified in the Ontario Health and Safety Act for the respective line voltage.		
The integrity of the structure foundations must be maintained at all times, with no disturbance of the earth around the poles, guy wires and tower footings. There must not be any grading, excavating, filling or other civil work close to the structures.		
Note that existing rights of ways may have provisions for future lines or already contain secondary land uses (i.e. pipelines, water mains, parking, etc.). Please take this into consideration in your planning.		
Once details are known and it is established that your development will affect Hydro One facilities including the rights of way, please submit plans that detail your development and the affected Hydro One facilities.		
Please note that the proponent will be responsible for costs associated with modification or relocation of Hydro One facilities, as well as any added costs that may be incurred due to increase efforts to maintain our facilities.		
CEAA Ontario Region (Ellen Campbell) - Decemb	ber 20, 2013	
The Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (CEAA) 2012 applies to projects described in the Regulations Designating Physical Activities (the Regulations). Under CEAA 2012, the proponent must provide the Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency (the Agency) with a description of their proposed project if it appears to be described in the Regulations. The proponent should contact the Agency if it appears that CEAA 2012 applies to your proposed project.	General comment	Conversations with CEAA prior to the start of the amendment process confirmed that a federal EA was not required for this project as it is not listed in the regulations as indicated in Table 1-1 .







Table 10-32 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2013 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response		
MEDTE (Michael Helfinger) – January 6, 2014	MEDTE (Michael Helfinger) – January 6, 2014			
MEDTE fully recognizes the potential contribution of the proposed undertaking to economic development and revitalization in downtown Toronto. The improvements in aesthetics, environmental quality and recreational opportunities that would be brought about by the proposed undertaking could be expected stimulate investment and job creation by these strategic sectors in the vicinity of the Port Lands. MEDTE therefore looks forward to the timely approval of the final Environmental Assessment and commencement of work on the project. MNR (Jackie Burkart) - February 4, 2014		Comment acknowledged.		
The Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) has had	Coneral comment	To ensure it is clear that the co-proponents will adhere		
the opportunity to review the subject amended environmental assessment report. MNR is supportive, in principle, of the efforts of the	General comment	during both the EA process and detailed design to the MNR's Natural Hazards Technical Guides (2002), the following statement has been added to Section 6.1.1 :		
City and the Toronto Region Conservation Authority (TRCA) to remove the Toronto Port Lands from the floodplain. Through this assessment, and the detailed design to follow, TRCA must ensure that all flood protection measures are carried out in accordance with the MNR's Natural Hazards Technical Guides, 2002, as they relate to the natural hazard of flooding. Once the works have been completed in accordance with the provincial guidance and these lands are demonstrated to be no longer subject to flooding, the Province will work with the City and the TRCA to adjust the Special Policy Area (SPA) designation within the study area. The detailed flood assessment to be completed as part of this EA could be used, in part,		During detailed design, the Adaptive Management of Stream Corridors in Ontario Natural Hazards Technical Guides (MNR, 2002) will be consulted to ensure that all flood protection features are in accordance with the Ministry of Natural Resources' (MNR's) natural hazard policies as they relate to the Provincial Policy Statement (PPS). This and the following commitment were added to Chapter 8 in Table 8-2: Prior to the start of works, ongoing discussions between MNR, City of Toronto, TRCA and Waterfront Toronto will be required to determine the appropriate approach and timing for removal of the SPA designation.		
as justification for any future adjustment of the SPA.		uno di m designadorii		
City of Toronto – Toronto Public Health (Heather	Richards) - Februa	ary 7, 2014		
There are clear benefits directly related to public health with the design of the naturalized new river valley and river mouth to maintain a regular water flow, thereby reducing standing water in the area. As an example, this component of the initiative has a direct contribution to the reduction of the public health risk to West Nile Virus.	General comment	The commitment to work alongside the Toronto Public Health Environmental Response Team was added to Appendix G of the EA. As referenced in Section 8.2.3 and in Table 8-2 , the Study Team will continue to consult with the community and relevant stakeholders during detailed design and construction, including the Toronto Public Health.		
Conversely, there are a number of initiatives which will take place in the course of the proposed Phase 1 to Phase 4; in pre-construction; during construction; and, lastly, during the establishment of the plan through to the post-establishment activities, that constitute a potential risk to public health. There are activities that have been defined in the report as having a predictive outcome as negligible; however, receptors in the nearby				







Table 10-32 Disposition of Comments Received from Review Agencies on the 2013 Draft EA Report

Comment	Section	Response
residence and business locations may experience adverse effects from, for example, noise, dust and combustion emissions which may warrant intervention from Toronto Public Health.		
As prescribed by the Waterfront Toronto Environmental Management Plan, and as outlined by the Best Management Practices, there are planned mitigation measures to decrease the potential risks to public health in terms of the air, water and noise pollution. However, these applications will minimize but not eliminate the adverse effects.		
Toronto Public Health is frequently the first point of contact for the public with concerns to the potential health effects of adverse air and water quality, as well as, excessive noise levels.		
As a result, to ensure the progression of the DMNP activities will be effective in managing the potential risk to public health and to provide accurate information to the public, there is a strong recommendation from Toronto Public Health for the presence of a member of the Environmental Response Team within Healthy Environments to provide consultation on the advisory committee of local stakeholders.		
MTCS (Dan Minkin) - February 7, 2014		
Chapter 7 notes a number of built heritage resources and cultural heritage landscapes that will be or may be partially or completely displaced during construction	General comment	As the project is in the final EA stage, timing does not permit the ability to complete the cultural heritage assessments prior to the final EA submission. However, the MTCS will be informed of when the cultural heritage
Mitigation measures listed for these impacts include the preparation of cultural heritage evaluation reports for a number of these resources, to assess their cultural heritage value, the extent of the impacts and potential conservation and mitigation options. We prefer that all necessary cultural heritage assessment work be carried out during the environmental assessment process, in order that mitigation measures and net effects on resources can be known during stakeholder consultation and can inform the selection of preferred alternatives.		assessments are undertaken and the reports will be made available for the Ministry's review prior to the commencement of construction, as noted in Section 7.3.5 as well as in Table 8-2.
If it is not possible for all of the cultural heritage assessment work to be completed at the environmental assessment stage, we look forward to reviewing these cultural heritage assessment documents before construction.		







10.3.5.3 Comments Received from Aboriginal Communities and Associations

During the review period of the Draft EA report, the Study Team received one comment from the Alderville First Nation which indicated that the DMNP will have minimal potential to impact their rights. They requested to be apprised of any archaeological findings, burial sites or environmental impacts, should any occur. The Study Team is committed to engaging with Aboriginal communities as per the City of Toronto's protocol if any Aboriginal artifacts are encountered.

In addition, the Conseil de la Nation Huronne-Wendat contacted the Study Team regarding a change in the contact person for the First Nation.

10.4 Post-Approval Consultation

As described throughout this Chapter, public involvement has been a key element of the DMNP process. There is an involved community associated with the DMNP who expect to remain involved throughout the remainder of the project. At this point the core group has a vested interest in the success of the project going forward.

Once the DMNP is approved by the MOE, it is recommended that the following public consultation mechanisms occur during detailed design, construction and establishment of the DMNP:

- Waterfront Toronto continues to provide project updates in their Annual Report and Newsletters regarding the process towards implementation in conjunction with TRCA;
- During the formal detailed design process, a Public Forum be held to review the DMNP and seek public input on any new information that is available to feed into the process, including similar engagement with other agencies and landowners;
- 3. A Public Forum be held to provide construction details and schedules when the information is available:
- An advisory committee of local stakeholders who will be involved during detailed design and construction, particularly as it relates to soils and groundwater management issues relating to public health and risk;
- 5. A mechanism be established to ensure the reporting and investigation of complaints arising from construction activities;
- Regular project updates will continue to be posted to the project webpage co-ordinated between TRCA and Waterfront Toronto; and,
- DMNP newsletter updates to be provided summarizing progress on detailed design and construction-related work.

Information gathered from the public and stakeholders through these mechanisms will be incorporated into the overall Adaptive Environmental Management (AEM) cycle, as would other sources of monitoring data, as described in Chapter 8.